# LEONARD COHEN

#### A CRACK IN EVERYTHING

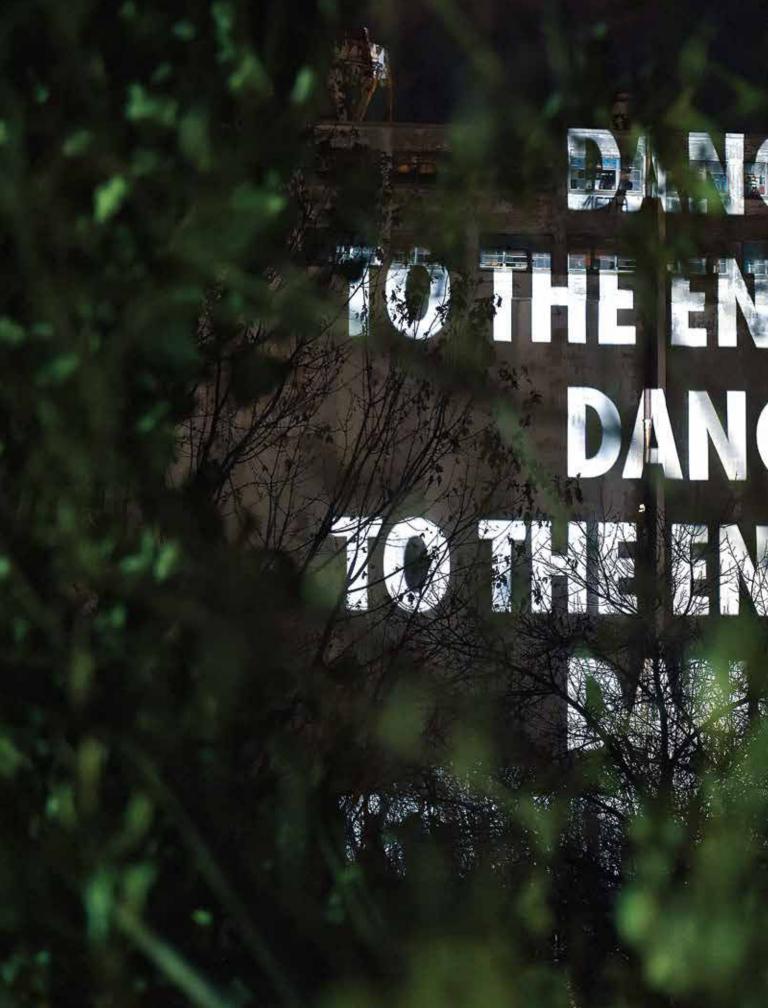
CANDICE BREITZ JANET CARDIFF AND GEORGE BURES MILLER CHRISTOPHE CHASSOL DAILY TOUS LES JOURS TACITA DEAN THOMAS DEMAND KOTA EZAWA GEORGE EOK ARI FOLMAN CLARA FUREY MARC QUINN JENNY HOLZER ION RAEMAN MICHAEL RAKOWITZ ZACH RICHTER SHARON ROBINSON THE SANCHEZ BROTHERS TARYN SIMON

ORCHESTRE SYMPHONIQUE DE MONTRÉAL AURORA BASIA BULAT BRAD BARR CHILLY GONZALES AND JARVIS COCKER WITH KAISER QUARTETT DEAR CRIMINALS DOUGLAS DARE HALE MOON RUN JULIA HOLTER LEIF VOLLEBEKK LITTLE SCREAM LOU DOILLON MÉLANIE DE BIASIO MOBY SOCALLED THE NATIONAL WITH SUFJAN STEVENS. RAGNAR KJARTANSSON AND RICHARD REED PARRY











#### Leonard Cohen: A Crack in Everything

An exhibition organized by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal and presented from November 9, 2017 to April 9, 2018.

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John Zeppetelli and Victor Shiffman

With the collaboration of Sylvie Simmons and Chantal Ringuet

November 9, 2017 to April 9, 2018 Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

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## **LEONARD COHEN** A CRACK IN EVERYTHING

Well aware of his fiercely guarded privacy, we wrote to Leonard Cohen with caution and anxiety: would he object to the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal (MAC) devoting a large exhibition to him for an extended period of time? How would he respond to visual artists, filmmakers, performers and other musicians revisiting his words, songs and biography with new inflections and perspectives, drawing from his themes of love and desire, loss and redemption—while breathing alternative and potentially provocative new life to them?

To our great relief, he agreed, with the amusing caveats that a) he would not attend the opening; b) he would not be an obstacle to our work as curators; and c) under no conditions were we to demand of his time or direct participation in the project. When I say we wrote to Leonard, I mean we wrote to his long-time manager and representative Robert Kory, who from our earliest conversations told us that Leonard Cohen was surprised and touched by the attention, but that he was fully immersed in his own creative endeavours. We cannot tell you how pleased, vindicated and confirmed in our unorthodox subject matter we were when, almost two years into our curatorial work on the exhibition, Cohen released at age eighty-two, just days before his death, a magnificent studio album, his fourteenth, produced by his son Adam.

John Zeppetelli and Victor Shiffman

Leonard Cohen at his typewriter (October 26), 1963 Photo: Allan R. Leishman Montreal Star / Library and Archives Canada / PA-190166 © Woodbridge Company Limited

"A million candles burning for the love that never came/You want it darker/We kill the flame," Cohen intones sombrely from the prophetic, moving and widely acclaimed You Want It Darker. That title track in particular seemed to announce, with the force of poetic indignation and disgust, the sinister travesty taking over his adopted country-and indeed, Cohen died in Los Angeles the day before the 2016 US election and was secretly buried in Montréal in a simple pine casket a few days later. What began, therefore, as a delirious celebration and loving tribute also evolved into something suffused in elegy. The exhibition is now a commemoration of a vast artistic achievement and inspiring life, as it opened exactly one year after Cohen's passing. A large-scale public art intervention, For Leonard Cohen, by the relentlessly probing Jenny Holzer marked the evening in question, November 7, 2017, with quiet majesty. Holzer imagined a poignant yet optimistic requiem on a massive, iconic, concrete grain silo in Montréal's Old Port area, where three gigantic projections of Leonard Cohen's lyrics and poems scrolled slowly and silently while revealing and illuminating his words.

Leonard Cohen's thinking, writing and music are a thing of beauty and despair. For decades, the novelist, poet and singer/ songwriter tenaciously supplied the world with melancholy but urgent observations on the state of the human heart. With equal parts gravitas and grace, he teased out a startlingly inventive and singular language, depicting both a rapturous, or sometimes liturgical, spirituality and an earthly sexuality. Yet, with characteristic humility, he has said he never really aimed for anything more exalted than to simply be able to sing someone a song.

His song was sublime. He set the blunt but brilliant instrument of his famous voice—a "velour foghorn" so deep and cavernous, or more recently, his raspy chant-like whispers—to beautiful melodies and simple arrangements that belied a great musical intelligence. His interweaving of the sacred and the profane, of mystery and accessibility, was such a compelling combination it became seared into individual and collective memory. Our exhibition explores and embodies how this vastly important achievement has affected and inspired artists, how it has entered the cultural conversation, how it has cut deep into the marrow of the body politic.

Celebrating and reflecting upon a much-loved and complex Montrealer who was also a planetary star was a daunting challenge. Cohen himself seemed unclassifiable and unafraid to The exhibition is now a commemoration of a vast artistic achievement and inspiring life, as it opened exactly one year after Cohen's passing.

# With sumptuous, if

sometimes harshly exacting language, he charted the darkest byways of emotion, he saw the prayer in the carnal and seemed to acknowledge, at every turn, the inevitability of pain and disappointment: "There is a crack in everything," he memorably wrote. be out of step, making defiantly unfashionable music which people were compelled to catch up to. He was also strategically out of place: a poised, courtly gentleman and an unabashed hedonist, a novelist and poet in the music racket and a pop musician in literary circles, a Buddhist in the synagogue and a Jew on Mount Baldy's Zen retreat (where, among other things, he learned that "whining was the least appropriate response to suffering"). For all of Cohen's reputation as a gloomy, depressive figure, he was a supreme ironist, had levity and wry humour, a lightness of touch. With sumptuous, if sometimes harshly exacting language, he charted the darkest byways of emotion, he saw the prayer in the carnal and seemed to acknowledge, at every turn, the inevitability of pain and disappointment: "There is a crack in everything," he memorably wrote. For Cohen, this was a demonstrable fact supported by widespread evidence, both personal and social-something we need always factor in. But there was also the compensating counter-argument concluding that line: "That's how the light gets in."

Our exhibition, which gathers over forty artists, musicians, filmmakers and performers, revisits Cohen's magnificent work while offering four contextual multimedia installations specially conceived by the MAC. These include an emotional and immersive multi-screen environment by George Fok. Although wistfully titled Passing Through, the installation, consisting of three projections on three walls of a large room, is a rollicking archival montage highlighting almost fifty years of Cohen's concert performances, where a single song is sometimes performed across several decades, with a visibly transformed Cohen appearing in each segment. Another exquisite archival installation, by Kara Blake-this time an ode to Cohen's intricate inner life-The Offerings explores Cohen's thinking and beautifully captures on five screens the workings and patterns of his mind and voice, while yet another moment, Listening to Leonard, gathers newly commissioned covers of Cohen's musical repertoire, most exclusively available for the exhibition only. In addition, Cohen himself makes a single but important appearance as a visual artist with a projection of hundreds of his obsessive, annotated self-portraits, offering yet more insights on his bittersweet, funny and self-mocking self.

By providing a variety of conceptual responses and other reflections, all the invited artists bring to bear different perspectives on Cohen's art and life, transforming and interpreting his work while struggling with the weight of admiration and revision, not to mention Cohen's reputation, profundity and enduring relevance. Despite a few carefully chosen objects, photographs and, purportedly, Cohen's own Olivetti Lettera 22 manual typewriter making an appearance in the show, there was never an interest in showing Cohen's memorabilia or other artifacts from his life, nor engaging in an uncritically sycophantic or hagiographic exercise. Our wish was to see if we could assess and celebrate Cohen's boldly beautiful and singular legacy through the fearless responses of other living artists. A conversation we had always hoped Cohen would be moved by.

Other artist interventions delve into the many unexpected pathways that emanate from Cohen's work, including a major participatory installation by Janet Cardiff and George Bures Miller called The Poetry Machine. Visitors are invited to play on organ keyboards, with individual keys summoning audio files of Cohen's poetry, beautifully recited by Cohen himself, while creating a magical machine capable not only of recomposing his poems but also of sketching a potent new portrait of the artist. Another stunning portrait, by Candice Breitz, centres around Cohen's comeback album I'm Your Man, read as a template of late style and masculinity and featuring ardent Cohen fans-all men sixty-five or over-singing the entire album individually in a professional recording studio, but coming together as an improbable eighteen-video-screen chorus. In an antechamber, the Cohen family synagogue choir supports the men with mellifluous backup vocals. A brilliant work where art and anthropology co-mingle, and where the palpable experience of fans enjoying an opportunity to publically display their love and devotion to their idol is raw and touching.

Obliged by financial circumstance but propelled by sheer will, Cohen mounted late in life one of the most euphoric and successful comebacks in music history, delighting fans, old and new, in large arenas well into his seventies. He had, after all, been present (and for some, unavoidable) in the culture for over five decades. Although he never seemed to take himself too seriously, Cohen was nonetheless an oracle, a voice of chilling prophecy and occasional fear, of joy and complication, with murmurings and pronouncements resonating far and wide. At their centre was always an elegantly imperious if disarming poetry of brokenness. Our wish was to see if we could assess and celebrate Cohen's boldly beautiful and singular legacy through the fearless responses of other living artists. A conversation we had always hoped Cohen would be moved by. Cohen was nonetheless an oracle, a voice of chilling prophecy and occasional fear, of joy and complication, with murmurings and pronouncements resonating far and wide. At their centre was always an elegantly imperious if disarming poetry of brokenness. In one of the quieter, but no less powerful, moments in the exhibition, Taryn Simon signals the epochal shifts and ruptures in the culture by simply displaying a copy of the *New York Times* dated November 11, 2016. At the top of this dispiriting front page is a still shocking image of then President-elect Trump's first visit to the White House with President Obama, a man whose legitimacy Trump relentlessly undermined. "Failing" and "fake news" were frequent insults directed at the venerable newspaper by a man also attempting to dismantle and endlessly manipulate the truth. Cohen's obituary appears at the bottom of that page: "Leonard Cohen, 1934-2016: Writer of 'Hallelujah' Whose Lyrics Captivated Generations." A radiant, smiling Cohen is pictured either raising or lowering his hat, in a gesture that is both a hello and a goodbye.



### THE COMEBACK

Sylvie Simmons

The hut wasn't much bigger than a prison cell. It was one of a scattering of plain wood cabins on Mount Baldy, above the snowline, an abandoned Boy Scouts camp that the hut's long-time resident had helped turn into a monastery. Jikan was his name—given to him by Roshi Sasaki, the head of the monastery, when ordaining him as a Buddhist monk. The name meant "ordinary silence" or "the silence between two thoughts." You know him as Leonard Cohen. For more than half of the 1990s he lived in this white-walled cabin. "I was always going off the deep end," said Cohen, smiling. "So it was no radical departure."

True, when you think about it, the life of Leonard Cohen was a series of radical departures. He was born in Montréal into a well-to-do family of rabbis, scholars, businessmen, who founded synagogues and Canada's first English-language Jewish newspaper. Serious people. Leonard became a serious poet. He was twenty-one when his first collection, *Let Us Compare Mythologies*, was published and he was hailed by Canadian literati as their new golden boy. There was even a documentary made about him, as if he were a rock star: *Ladies and Gentlemen... Mr. Leonard Cohen*. But instead of staying where he was loved, he left for New York where the Beat poets weren't so enamoured of his "rhymed, polished verses, which they associated with the oppressive literary establishment."

Leonard Cohen Photo: Chris Buck

Cohen lived in London for a while-Hampstead; lots of writers there-but soon left to live in a house with no electricity or running water on the Greek island of Hydra. In a room with plain white walls, like a monk's cabin, he wrote novels. There's a photograph of that room on the back sleeve of Songs From a Room, his lover Marianne Ihlen seated at his desk, naked but for a towel. Then, when prose and poetry failed to pay even his meagre bills, he decided he'd go to Nashville and be a country songwriter. This on the basis of liking Hank Williams, George Jones and Ray Charles's country album, and having once played in a square dance band. He'd been playing guitar since he was fifteen—the same age that he discovered Federico García Lorca. Which was the moment that he decided to be a poet-this was 1949; Cohen had no tradition of rock music behind him. But when he read Lorca, he said he heard the music of the synagogue. He also said that there was music behind every word he wrote.

En route to Nashville he stopped off in New York. A friend suggested he meet with Mary Martin, a fellow Canadian, Albert Grossman's former assistant, who had introduced Bob Dylan to The Hawks who became The Band. Martin introduced Cohen to Judy Collins, who covered his songs and took him onstage, and that led to John Hammond's signing Cohen, as he had done Dylan, to Columbia Records.

Cohen was thirty-three when his debut album *Songs of Leonard Cohen* came out. Another radical departure, this being the youth culture, when you weren't to trust anyone over thirty. Cohen was not a youth; it's quite possible to believe he never was. Like his poems, his lyrics were sophisticated and dense. Although he had consumed copious amounts of acid and speed, his songs showed no evidence of either. His songs were like nothing else being made in the late sixties; he was unique, at the same time ancient and fresh. Hammond had a hard time getting Columbia to sign an "old poet." Cohen had a harder time making that first album. When it was finally done he swore he would never make another—until Bob Johnston, back then a Columbia staff producer, lured him to Nashville after offering him the keys to a plain wooden cabin in the middle of nowhere.

From the outset, Cohen's relationship with the music business had ranged from dismal to conflicted. Take touring: Cohen hated it. "I felt," he said, "that the risks of humiliation were too wide." He had stage fright. He was even more afraid

#### LEONARD COHEN TEN MOMENTS

**Chantal Ringuet** 

#### 1. September 21, 1934 Birth of Leonard Norman Cohen in Westmount

Born into a Westmount Jewish family that was part of Montréal's Anglo elite, Leonard Norman Cohen was the second child of Masha Klinitsky-Klein and Nathan Bernard Cohen. Lyon Cohen, his paternal grandfather, a well-known businessman and philanthropist, was an important figure in the Jewish community. He started the Freedman Company, one of the largest clothing manufacturers in Montréal, and co-founded the Canadian Jewish Times (1897), the first Englishlanguage Jewish newspaper in Canada. Lyon Cohen was also president of several organizations, including the Canadian Jewish Congress and Congregation Shaar Hashomayim. He helped Jewish immigrants from the Russian Empire settle in Canada-among them, from Lithuania, the learned Rabbi Solomon Klinitsky-Klein and his family. Lyon's son, Nathan Cohen, a lieutenant in the Canadian army and First World War veteran, later ran the family business. From his father, the young Leonard inherited a love of suits; from his mother, Masha, who trained as a nurse, he received his charisma and his love of songs.

Cohen was thus born into a well-to-do family that was guite different from the Jewish masses who arrived in Montréal early in the twentieth century. Many of these immigrants spoke Yiddish as their native language and worked in garment factories, including the Freedman Company. Unlike these immigrants, who moved from the port of Montréal northward (to Plateau Mont-Royal), then westward (to Snowdon, Westmount, Côte Saint-Luc) as openings were created by social mobility, Cohen made the journey in the opposite direction: the young McGill University student left Westmount early on for downtown, where he chose to live in hotel rooms and small apartments. In the 1970s, he settled in Plateau Mont-Royal, opposite Parc du Portugal. Despite his extensive travels and his residence in Los Angeles, Cohen always returned to Montréal to "renew his neurotic affiliations," as he often repeated in interviews.

for his songs. They had come to him from somewhere pure and he'd worked long and hard to make them sincere representations of the moment. He wanted to protect them, not parade them before strangers in an artificial intimacy. He might have seemed like the consummate showman for any of us who saw him back then, but for much of his music career he drank and drugged himself copiously to get through a show.

As time went on, songwriting became increasingly torturous also. Songs had to be "torn" from him. There's the famous story of Cohen and Dylan trading lyrics over coffee in Paris. Dylan played him a new song and Cohen asked how long it had taken to write. "Fifteen minutes," Dylan said. How long did it take Cohen to write his new song *Hallelujah*, he asked. "A couple of years," Cohen told him, too embarrassed to tell him it was five years or more. But really the problem was not with writing a song—Cohen could do that relatively easily. It was his perfectionism and a craving for complete authenticity.

Take Anthem—ten to fifteen years in the writing. Cohen recorded it for at least three different albums. He rejected it twice because, listening back, he felt that the guy singing the words was "putting us on." The first of those albums was Various Positions (1984), the same album Hallelujah was on—and the album that Columbia refused to release in the US because they didn't think it had any songs. "Leonard, we know you're great," the head of the music division, Walter Yetnikoff, famously said, "We just don't know if you're any good."

For most of his music career, Cohen's patch had been the UK and Europe, perhaps because darkness wasn't so alienating there, intelligence and poetry not so suspect, and his wry, black humour was understood. "I thought they were making a mistake," Cohen said. "I thought that there was an audience in the United States and Canada [but] from their point of view the market was so limited that it didn't justify the distribution machinery."

It seems hardly credible now that the album that introduced *Hallelujah*—the all-purpose hymn for the millennium, the feelgood singalong/treatise on the bleakness of human relations and go-to vocal workout on TV talent contests—was forced to come out in North America on an indie label. There had been some attempts to sell Leonard on this side of the Atlantic, all unsuccessful: for example, his collaboration with Phil Spector, *Death of a Ladies' Man*—Cohen's lyrics, Spector writing music and producing the album (at gunpoint).

Cohen finally broke through in the late eighties, a time when many of his contemporaries were floundering. *I'm Your Man* (1988) reintroduced him as a suave, smart, self-deprecating lounge lizard-cum-chansonnier. The songs' themes were as dark as ever: *Ain't No Cure For Love*, a singalong about love, sex, God and the AIDS crisis; *First We Take Manhattan*, probably the only Eurodisco song to tackle both the war between the sexes and the Holocaust. But the darkness was mitigated by catchy beats, keyboards in place of gloomy guitar and bright production. His humour was more obvious too: "I was born like this I had no choice," he sang laconically, "I was born with the gift of a golden voice."

This was really Cohen's first comeback. He had stepped into the shadows at the end of the *Recent Songs* tour, staying there for four years, writing a book of poems, psalms really, *Book of Mercy* (1984). What he had learned from his ongoing studies with Roshi, he said, had led him back to the Talmud, Torah, Kabbalah and the Jewish prayer book. Since *Various Positions* didn't much trouble North America, it had been nine years before *I'm Your Man* rebranded Cohen as cool.

"In terms of my so-called career," Cohen said, "I'm Your Man was certainly a rebirth. But it was hard to consider it a rebirth on a personal level. It was made under the usual dismal and morbid condition"—including an unravelled romantic life once again, the death of his manager Marty Machat and a deepening of the depression he'd suffered since late adolescence. "Not just the blues," he explained, but "a kind of mental violence that stops you from functioning properly from one moment to the next." Unable to keep the momentum up, it took him another four years for the follow-up.

But *The Future* (1992) sold even better. Its lyrics were dystopian, pessimistic, but almost gleefully so. The title track name-checked Stalin, Charles Manson, the Devil and Christ and Cohen himself as "the little Jew that wrote the Bible." When the Los Angeles riots broke out, Cohen had watched the fires from his little house in an unglamorous part of the city. He had bought it to be near Roshi, whose first US Zen centre had opened near South Central L.A. Cohen catalogued all the sins of the West on the album. Everything was broken—but for Cohen everything always was. Even Jesus was broken on one

#### 2. January 12, 1944 Death of Nathan Cohen, Leonard's father

Nathan Cohen died when Leonard was nine years old. Grief-stricken, the boy wrote a message that he placed secretly in a bow tie that had belonged to his father and then buried it in the garden. Later, he would say that this was his first act as a poet, and went on to add two things: first, that had he been able to climb a mountain at the time, he would have become a mountain climber; and second, that his entire work no doubt was an extension of that original gesture, the burying of the bow tie. His father's death-a decisive event in anyone's life-affected Leonard Cohen's life and work in many ways. It was a huge loss, from which he derived a feeling of solemnity that would become his hallmark. At the same time, it sealed his connection with Judaism. He was now the man of the family, the one responsible for presiding at the Seder during the Jewish festival of Passover. In his second album, Songs From a Room (1969), Cohen alludes to Judaism in the song Story of Isaac. This was inspired by the biblical story in which God tests Abraham by asking him to offer his son up in sacrifice; then, at the last moment, God sends an angel to stop him. In Cohen's song, the incident is told from the point of view of the son seeing his father enter his room: "The door it opened slowly/My father he came in/I was nine years old/And he stood so tall above me." The reference to the father's name subsequently appears in the collection Book of Mercy (1984) and in the song Lover Lover Lover (1974): "I asked my father/I said, 'Father change my name'/ The one I'm using now it's covered up/With fear and filth and cowardice and shame." In Judaism. the name Cohen indicates that the bearer is a kohen, belonging to the kohanim, a prestigious lineage that used to serve as priests in the temple in Jerusalem.

#### **3.** 1956–1964 **Emergence of the young poet**

At McGill University, Cohen studied poetry with Louis Dudek and prose with Hugh MacLennan. He met the poet Irving Layton, who became his friend and mentor. Layton introduced him to the city's literary circles, and Cohen took part in various poetry readings, accompanied by jazz music, in nightclubs downtown.

In 1954, he published his first poems in the well-regarded, dynamic literary magazine *ClV/n* (1953–1955). After earning his degree in English literature (1955), he published his first poetry collection, *Let Us Compare Mythologies* (1956), in the McGill Poetry Series founded by Dudek. This collection is made up mainly of Cohen's early writings. It contains themes that would recur in his work: love, religion and poetry. In 1956, Cohen began studies at Columbia University in New York, but didn't find them worthwhile and returned to Montréal the following year.

Rebellious and drawn to war, Cohen travelled to Cuba in 1959, during the Revolution. Armed with his guitar and a large penknife, speaking only English, he passed himself off as a gringo spy, then as a Cuban on the lam. He could have gone to prison, but returned safe and sound to Montréal. In December, he settled in London, at 19b Hampstead High Street, in an apartment rented to Jake and Stella Pullman, where his friend Mort Rosengarten had previously stayed. He bought an Olivetti 22 typewriter and began writing his first novel. In the spring of 1960, he arrived on the Greek island of Hydra, where he bought a house a few months later. In the five years that followed, he would spend many months on the island. There he met Marianne Ihlen, his companion who inspired him to write the famous song So Long, Marianne. His years on Hydra proved to be prolific: while living there he published the poetry collections The Spice-Box of Earth (1961) and Flowers for Hitler (1964), as well as two novels, The Favourite Game (1963) and Beautiful Losers (1966).

of his earliest songs, *Suzanne*. The state of being cracked, imperfect, was one of this perfectionist's longest, deepest studies; it might have been his battle cry.

Anthem—"There is a crack in everything/That's how the light gets in"—finally made it onto this album, thanks in large part to Rebecca De Mornay, who convinced Cohen, who was still working on it, that it was fine as it was. She and Cohen were engaged to be married. The actress had just made the biggest movie of her career, *The Hand That Rocks the Cradle*, and Cohen was there when she shot it, sitting in her trailer, writing on a synthesizer. He was her escort at the Oscars ceremony in March 1992. When he went on tour to promote the album, Rebecca would sometimes show up to give moral support.

Along the way, Cohen sang with Elton John on Elton's *Duets* album, and narrated a two-part Canadian TV series, *The Tibetan Book of the Dead*. He also received the Governor General's Award for Lifetime Artistic Achievement—one of two handfuls Canada had bestowed on him recently. At the ceremony, Cohen said, "I feel like a soldier. You may get decorated for a successful campaign [but it's] probably just in the line of duty. You can't let these honours deeply alter the way you fight." Again he was afraid of betraying his art. The *Future* tour had been as much a battle for him as his early tours. He was drinking so heavily that even Roshi, no stranger to alcohol, expressed concern.

In September 1994, back in L.A., he ran into Roscoe Beck, his bass player on the 1979-1980 *Recent Songs* tour. "I've had it with this music racket," Cohen told him. After celebrating his sixtieth birthday, he packed his bag and moved into the hut 6,500 feet up in the San Gabriel Mountains to be the servant and companion of an old Japanese man and live the tough and highly structured life of a Rinzai Zen monk.

As well as breaking with the music business, he broke off his engagement to De Mornay. Romantic relationships for Cohen were often just as conflicted. There had been long relationships with his muses, including Marianne Ihlen and later Suzanne Elrod, the mother of his two children, but he had never married. Now it was religion, "my favourite hobby," as he called it, that took the forefront. Although he remained a practising Jew, even as a Buddhist monk, he had spent his life studying different spiritual paths including Christianity, Scientology and Vedanta. His poems and songs have often featured religious teachers and invariably associate religious and sexual devotion and ecstasies. Roshi, Cohen said, told the monks, "You lead hard lives, you rise early, you spend hours on floors, but if you want to try something really hard, try marriage. That is the true monastery."

One attraction of Rinzai Zen was its almost military discipline. Cohen had wanted to go to military school as a child, but when his father died—Leonard was nine—his mother put paid to that idea. In his twenties, Cohen had gone to Cuba to try and join the revolution and later offered himself to the Israeli army during the Yom Kippur War. He was turned down. The routine at the monastery was very rigorous. "You get up very early, 2:30 or three in the morning, and there are duties assigned the whole day." Dressed in black robe and sandals, the monk's uniform, he'd clean toilets, cut bamboo and act as Roshi's driver, cook and secretary.

It was one of many ways to try to cope with the "deep, paralysing anguish for no reason at all." He'd tried treating his depression with alcohol and drugs of all kinds. The monastery for him was "a hospital [where I could] learn everything from the beginning again, how to sit, how to walk, how to eat and how to be quiet. ... Once you overcome your natural resistance to being told what to do, if you can overcome that, then you begin to relax into the schedule and the almost voluptuous simplicity of the day. That whole component of improvisation that tyrannizes much of our lives begins to dissolve." But that didn't work either. Five and a half years later, in such a deep depression he couldn't claw back up, he told Roshi he was leaving.

Back in L.A., he once again ran into his old friend Roscoe. Beck reminded him about what he'd said the last time they met. "Ah," said Cohen, "now I've had it with the religious racket. I'm ready to take up music again." Nine years after *The Future*, Cohen released his first album of the new millennium, *Ten New Songs* (2001).

#### 4. 1963–1966 Birth of the novelist

The Favourite Game was published by Secker & Warburg in 1963 (and by McClelland & Stewart in 1970). The book follows the adventures of Lawrence Breavman, a young Jewish poet whose life bears certain similarities to that of the author: after a sheltered childhood marked by the death of the father, he developed a taste for hypnosis and an unconditional love of women. Already we recognize the lover who would produce such works as Death of a Ladies' Man and Tower of Song. The same year saw the release of Take It All, the English version of Claude Jutra's film À tout prendre, translated by Cohen, who was turning out to be a cultural mediator between Francophone Québec and English-speaking Canada, a role he would adopt on a number of occasions.

In 1965, the National Film Board of Canada released Ladies and Gentlemen... Mr. Leonard Cohen, a documentary directed by Donald Brittain and Don Owen that paints a portrait of the thirty-year-old Cohen in his hometown. The following year, his second novel, Beautiful Losers, came out. It tells the story of a love triangle made up of an unnamed English-Canadian folklorist, his Indigenous Canadian wife, Edith, who has killed herself, and his best friend, F., a French-Canadian Member of Parliament who leads a separatist movement. Set in Québec. it intertwines the adventures of the protagonists with the story of Kateri Tekakwitha, the Mohawk virgin who became a saint. Mysticism, sexuality, drug use and sensory excesses intermingle. With its fragmented form, it is an "experimental novel" where the three founding peoples of Canada meet: Indigenous Canadians, Québécois and English Canadians.

In Canada, *Beautiful Losers* did not sell well and aroused controversy. Critic Robert Fulford described it as "the most revolting book ever written in Canada" and "undoubtedly the most interesting Canadian work of the year." It would not be until the following generation that the book gained true recognition in literary circles. Today it is considered the work that signals the entry of the English-Canadian novel into postmodernity.

#### 5. 1966–1969 Arrival of Leonard Cohen, singer/songwriter

After the commercial failure of his second novel, Cohen moved to New York City in 1966. A year later, John Hammond, the man who had discovered Bob Dylan in 1962, signed him to a contract with Columbia Records. John Simon would be the producer. Songs of Leonard Cohen, the artist's first album, released in 1967, featured titles that would become his signature: Suzanne, So Long, Marianne and Sisters of Mercy. Cohen's music, expressing as it did the art of the troubadours along with an existentialist vision, could be described as "post-folk." However, its ties to the folk revival tradition of the 1960s associated with names such as Bob Dylan, Joan Baez and Phil Ochs related more to the way it incorporated various musical influences than to any spirit of protest. It actually had more in common with the art of inward-looking singer/songwriters like Tim Hardin and Joni Mitchell.

In 1969, Cohen released his second album, Songs From a Room, which also garnered great commercial success. It opened with Bird on the Wire, another seminal song. His career as singer/ songwriter took off immediately with the release of his first albums. From now on, it would become necessary to differentiate between Leonard Cohen the writer and the cultural phenomenon he developed into.

Another major title on the album is *The Partisan*. In its English-language version, *La Complainte du partisan* (1943), written in London by Emmanuel d'Astier de La Vigerie (lyrics) and Anna Marly (music), experienced a resurgence thanks to Cohen. This popular song had originally been broadcast over the BBC and intended for occupied France. It now introduced Leonard Cohen to France, where he quickly became a star and where his works would be translated.

In literature, Cohen won the Governor General's Award for *Selected Poems*, his first anthology, in 1969, when he was already celebrated in Europe. The author refused the award on the grounds that "the songs forbid it absolutely." October 2004. Cohen was in Montréal when his daughter Lorca called. She'd just had a strange conversation with the boyfriend of someone who worked for Kelly Lynch—Cohen's manager since Marty Machat's death. All he would say was that Cohen needed to look at his bank accounts, and fast. At Lorca's insistence, Cohen flew back to L.A. and went to his bank. Almost all of his money was gone, including his retirement account, as well as publishing rights to some of his most popular songs.

Life since leaving the monastery had become quite serene. He had a new romantic partner, his sometime backing singer Anjani Thomas. Three years after *Ten New Songs* he'd made another album, *Dear Heather* (2004). The lengthy periods he'd been spending in Mumbai now, studying Vedanta with Ramesh Balsekar, had somehow cured his depression. But to spend his old age in what felt like an eternity of legal and financial paperwork was a joke so black as to test even his sense of humour. At the age of seventy, Cohen was forced to remortgage his house in order to pay the lawyers.

"It was an enormous distraction," he said. "Will I ever be able to get back to a life where I get up in the morning, walk over to my keyboard or pick up my guitar or go to the meditation hall? Or will it just be appointments and searching through emails?" Help came in the form of Robert Kory, Anjani's ex-husband, a former music industry lawyer, who offered to defer his fees and plunge into what turned out to be a wildly convoluted business.

Cohen's two albums since leaving the monastery had sold some copies in the UK, Europe and Canada, but very few in the US. He'd had no interest in touring to promote them, wanting to stay as far as he could get away with from the music business and the spotlight. Even on his albums he moved increasingly away from centre stage. Women had always played a part in Cohen's songs—as backing singers, muses and, in Leanne Ungar's case, engineer/producer, but *Ten New Songs* had been as much Sharon Robinson's album as Cohen's—her music, his words. On his next album, *Dear Heather* (2004), he left much of the singing to the women, his own voice just a whisper. By *Blue Alert* (2006), his collaboration with Anjani, he had faded out almost entirely. It was Anjani's idea, her music and vocals, and her face on the sleeve.

Meanwhile, Hal Willner's ensemble project *Came So Far For Beauty*—begun in 2003 as a one-off celebration of Cohen in a Brooklyn park, funded by the Canadian consulate—had taken on a life of its own. Various shows around the world featured a panoply of artists covering Cohen—among them Laurie Anderson, Linda Thompson, Rufus Wainwright, Lou Reed, Antony Hegarty, Jarvis Cocker and Nick Cave. An Australian filmmaker used these concerts as a basis for the documentary film *I'm Your Man* (2005). Philip Glass composed a series of song cycles based on poems Cohen was writing for his first new volume of poetry in twenty-two years, *Book of Longing* (2006). Everyone, it seemed, was singing Cohen's songs but Cohen.

But the thought of going on tour had started nagging at Cohen. He didn't want to; he wasn't sure he could do it after almost fifteen years; he wasn't convinced that anyone would want to see him. But since neither poetry nor albums were paying the bills, it was the only solution he could think of. Robert Kory called the UK concert promoters AEG in London. It turned out that one of the promoters, Rob Hallett, was a big Cohen fan. He flew to L.A. and made an offer Cohen couldn't under his present circumstances refuse. After the meeting, Cohen drove to Sharon Robinson's house and told her, a worried look on his face, "I think I'm going to have to go on tour again."

Cohen asked Roscoe Beck to be the musical director, and in January 2008 Beck started hiring. Some were musicians Cohen had worked with before—Sharon Robinson; guitarist Bob Metzger, Leanne Ungar's husband—and some were new to him: keyboard player Neil Larsen; Javier Mas, a Spanish laud and bandurria player who had been the musical director of a Leonard Cohen tribute concert in Barcelona; and drummer Rafael Gayol. They hired a violin player, then decided to replace her with a woodwind player and multi-instrumentalist Dino Soldo. Jennifer Warnes was invited but declined. Sharon brought in Charley and Hattie Webb, the Webb Sisters. They rehearsed for four months, with the promoter footing the bill.

"It's hard to separate the feelings at the beginning of the tour," said Leonard. "Reluctance of course. The difficulty of assembling the band, especially when you haven't done it for almost fifteen years, and in those early periods of assembling the band, I guess I felt some reluctance that I had started the whole process, because it didn't look like it was going to pan out very well. There was a great anxiety about whether we had a show. And my voice," he laughed. "Well my voice was the

#### 6. 1968–1978 Conquering the world. Portrait of an inveterate ladies' man

The late 1960s and the 1970s were characterized by Cohen's deepening involvement in the New York artistic milieu and, internationally, by his increasing fame. He frequented the Chelsea Hotel in Manhattan, which was a haunt for numerous artists and writers, including Andy Warhol and the Factory, Allan Ginsberg, Bob Dylan and many others. In 1968, an amorous encounter with Janis Joplin on one of his visits inspired him to write the song Chelsea Hotel No. 2, which was released in 1974 on the album New Skin For the Old Ceremony. In 1972, a tour took him to several countries in Europe and to Israel. During the Yom Kippur War in 1973, he returned and performed in front of a group of Israel Defense Force soldiers at an outpost in the Sinai. He also composed Lover Lover, another song that would appear on New Skin For the Old Ceremony. Leonard Cohen: Live Songs was released by Columbia Records in 1973: it was followed. in 1975, by the album The Best of Leonard Cohen, then by a tour of Europe, the United States and Canada, on which Cohen was accompanied by John Lissauer. During this period, the artist bought a large house in Plateau Mont-Royal, which he would keep for the rest of his life. It was located at 28 Rue Vallières, across from Parc du Portugal. His neighbours included Michel Garneau, who would become his Frenchlanguage translator for Québec.

With the release of the album *Death of a Ladies Man* (1977), co-produced by Phil Spector, followed by a collection of poems of the same name (1978), the artist experienced a turning point in his thinking. He began to develop the idea that light—and joy—penetrated through the cracks in the soul. This thought was clearly expressed in a line in the song *Anthem* (1992) that would become very famous: "There is a crack in everything. That's how the light gets in."

#### 7. 1988–1992 *I'm Your Man*. A major musical comeback

In the early 1980s, Cohen stepped away from the music scene. Aside from the two world tours he undertook in 1980 and 1985, he devoted himself mostly to writing. In 1984, he published a new poetry collection, *Book of Mercy*, which won the Canadian Authors Association Literary Award for Poetry. That same year, the album *Various Positions* was released, featuring *Dance Me to The End of Love* and the hit *Hallelujah*, which became the most famous song in Cohen's repertoire. In the 1990s, it would be popularized by John Cale, a musician in the experimental rock group The Velvet Underground, and then by Jeff Buckley.

The release of I'm Your Man (1988) heralded Cohen's highly successful comeback to the music scene. With its mix of geo-political considerations, social concerns and relationship and religious issues intermingled with a touch of humour, this album indicates his shift to a more modern style, thanks to the use of synthesizers in some of the songs and Cohen's improved singing. Several titles went on to become huge successes, including I'm Your Man, Ain't No Cure For Love, First We Take Manhattan, Tower of Song (a pivotal song on the album) and Everybody Knows. Ultimately, the album was a major commercial hit in a number of countries. Even though it enjoyed more limited success in the United States, CBS Records gave the singer a Crystal Globe Award. A few examples of the album's triumph on the international music scene: I'm Your Man went silver in Great Britain and gold in Canada, and held the No. 1 spot in Norway for sixteen weeks. Several of the album's hits posted record sales and it figured prominently on various lists of Top Albums of the 1980s.

Four years later, the album *The Future* (1992) helped introduce the singer to younger generations. Three of its titles were featured on the soundtrack of US director Oliver Stone's *Natural Born Killers*, and contributed to the film's commercial success.

least of my worries. I've never thought of my voice as a fine or a delicate instrument; I've never thought of myself as a singer." But finally he said he was ready. He asked Kory, now his manager, to set up a "pre-tour tour"—eighteen small, low-key venues in Canada, to give him a chance to fail miserably away from the eyes of the world.

The first show was in Fredericton, New Brunswick, on May 11, 2008 in a 700-seat venue. Standing in the wings in his sharp suit, fedora and shiny shoes, his new uniform, Cohen took off his hat, bowed his head and said a little prayer. Putting it back on, he stepped out onstage for the first time in a decade and a half. The applause was deafening. The whole place was on its feet. No one had played a note but the ovation just kept going. And when the music started and Cohen sang in a voice that was now several fathoms below sea level, you could hear a pin drop, such was the attention and devotion. The official tour started in June in Toronto-3,000 seats, sold out. This time Cohen skipped onstage, literally skipped, welcomed again with a standing ovation. The Toronto Star described the concert as "a love-in," a description you could apply to all the concerts. Within weeks they were playing to 100,000 at Glastonbury. Michael Eavis said, "There will never be anything better than Leonard Cohen's performance that night for me."

As the tour continued, new bookings kept coming—an intense schedule that would put a young band to shame. Cohen was playing night after night—hardly a day off except for travel—for three hours or more, plus two-hour sound checks; that perfectionism of his never went away. "Everybody was rehearsed not only in the notes but also in something unspoken," said Cohen. "You could feel it in the dressing room as you moved closer to the concert, the sense of commitment, tangible in the room." The audiences they played to were the biggest and most age-diverse of his career, right around the world, each show a sellout, every show a triumph.

"Once you get the hang of it," Cohen had said of the monastic life, "you go into ninth gear and kind of float through it all." The parameters of this life on the road gave him a kind of freedom. The bowing and the falling to his knees satisfied a sense of rite and service that was rooted deep in him. More than one reviewer likened them to religious gatherings, even a papal visit. It was December 2010 now, the end of one of the most remarkable comeback tours ever, and here he was, seventy-six, a rat pack rabbi, still sharp at the edges. He'd picked himself up, dusted himself off and by his own hard work refilled his coffers, and more.

Autumn 2011. We're in Cohen's modest house in Los Angeles, sitting at a wooden table in a small room with plain white walls, listening on his computer to his new album. Cohen's eyes have been closed from start to finish as if he were meditating. When I said I'd been watching him, wondering what was going through his mind, he said, "I was thinking of how it sounds. Listening for any false steps. But that wasn't the case." And if it were? "I'd have to take it back in the studio." That authenticity and perfectionism.

The album was *Old Ideas* (2012), his first new album in eight years. Despite the title—a wry reference to his songs having always explored the same themes—it had all new songs; two had been premiered on tour. It was a wonder that such a pitiless judge of his own work should have completed something to his satisfaction in such a short time: an extension of the length and focus of the tour? He pondered the question as if it had never occurred to him. "I don't really know, but it was a very devoted mode." He said he missed the road, the routine, ritual and companionship, the feeling, as he put it, of "full employment." Before being forced back into action, "I had the feeling that I was treading water—kind of between jobs, a bit at loose ends." A big incentive for finishing the album was so that "I could put my band and the crew together. They keep writing me, saying, 'Will we ever go out again?'"

They did. Another globe-spanning victory lap. More new songs made their debut onstage. In December 2013, when the final curtain fell, again he went straight back to work. On his eightieth birthday, just nine months later, he released another new album, *Popular Problems* (2014), which he described as setting "a new tone and speed of hope and despair, grief and joy." It was less soft-focused than *Old Ideas*, an album that many reviewers took as his farewell. They'd forgotten that Cohen was always talking about death and was always drawn to goodbyes.

There was talk of another tour. He had planned to take up smoking again at eighty, he told me, before turning it into one of his stage pieces, and was looking forward to sneaking behind the tour bus for a smoke. Those two tours, there really had been nothing like them: the hushed silence of the audience,

#### 8. 1994–1999 Transformation. The life of a Buddhist monk

In the early 1970s, Cohen travelled to Mount Baldy and to various affiliated centres to practise Zen in the Japanese Rinzai tradition. In the 1980s, he became more deeply involved, helping to establish a Zen magazine called Zero and a Zen centre in a Montréal building that he owned. In 1994, he decided to devote himself full-time to leading the life of a Buddhist monk alongside his teacher, Kyozan Joshu Sasaki. For five years, he left the music scene altogether: he gave up suits and fedoras for monastic dress-long robe, shaved head and austere demeanour. The object of this stay was not so much to have a mystical experience as it was a process to regain a "normal" life, freed from dependency on alcohol, medication and women.

During this time, Columbia continued to promote the artist with the release of his album Cohen Live: Leonard Cohen in Concert (1994), followed by More Best of Leonard Cohen (1997). In early 2001, the live album Field Commander Cohen: Tour of 1979 was launched. It paved the way for the release of Ten New Songs (2001), co-written and produced by singer Sharon Robinson, which brought the nine-year silence to an end. With its intimate ambience and calm-and music composed with the help of synthesizers and a drum machine-Ten New Songs broke stylistically with The Future, his previous album. The singer had reached a turning point in his career: he now presented a mature image, different from that of the poet with the folk guitar. Five years later, he would return to writing, releasing the poetry collection Book of Longing (2006), accompanied by his own drawings.

#### 9. 2008–2014 Major return to the stage and world triumph

After a fifteen-year absence from the stage, Cohen set out on a grand world tour, his second major return to the music scene. Begun after the artist was the victim of huge fraud by his longtime manager, this first tour (2008–2010) turned out to be a total triumph.

Cohen's much-anticipated return to the stage began on May 11, 2008, and ended on December 11, 2010. Acclaimed from the start by critics, it was launched in Canada and went on to Europe. The singer performed at various music festivals, including The Big Chill and the Glastonbury Festival in the UK, and the Festival international de jazz de Montréal. The following year, the tour continued on to New Zealand and Australia, as well as Israel and, once again, Europe. In total, Cohen gave 246 concerts. Among the most famous was his 2009 London concert, which formed the basis of the CD *Live in London*, released on March 21 that same year, and the first official DVD of his career.

After the release of the album *Old Ideas* (2012), Cohen set out on the *Old Ideas World Tour* (2012–2013). This would be the singer's last tour. From August 2012 to December 2013, it took him to Europe, North America, New Zealand and Australia. It included several new songs, as well as older ones, and a rare interpretation of Georges Dor's *La Manic*.

For his eightieth birthday, Cohen launched his thirteenth studio album, *Popular Problems*, on September 19, 2014. It featured mostly new songs and was very warmly received by critics. that enormous wave of love, the sheer, unwavering quality of the performances. Among the biggest-grossing tours of their time, they resulted in four live albums, *Live in London* (2009), *Live in Dublin* (2014), *Songs From The Road* (2010) and *Can't Forget: A Souvenir of the Grand Tour* (2015).

The demand was there, but his body wouldn't allow it. Compound fractures of the spine. No more dancing on and off stage or falling to his knees. In the words of a man who liked to wear a uniform, he was "confined to barracks." But still working. "Time speeds up the closer it gets to the end of the reel," he told me. "You don't feel like wasting time."

October 21, 2016, a month after his eighty-second birthday, Cohen released *You Want It Darker*. It was his third studio album in five years—astounding given that there had been only eleven in the three and a half decades before the comeback tour. And miraculous given the deterioration of Cohen's health. Since he was unable to use the studio above the garage where he'd recorded since *Ten New Songs*, it was made in the living room, Cohen sitting in an orthopedic chair, fighting through the fatigue. "Sometimes," said Adam Cohen, Leonard's son and the album's producer, "medical marijuana intervened and played a role. At times I was very worried about his health and the only thing that buoyed his spirits was the work itself."

"How do we produce work that touches the heart?" Cohen said, back in the nineties. "We don't want to live a superficial life. We want to be serious with each other, with our friends, with our work. Serious has a kind of voluptuous aspect to it. It is something that we are deeply hungry for." His new album was a perfect example of that voluptuous seriousness. It was one of the richest, deepest albums in a lifetime of rich, deep work. There's no mistaking its urgency, intensity and darkness. Cohen had a long practice of looking darkness in the eye. He faced death the same way, head-on. They'd come to some kind of amicable-enough agreement decades before.

He had come to terms with growing old too. "I think it's one of the most compassionate ways of saying goodbye that the cosmos could devise," he said. And age suited him. The man in the suit and hat looked more at home with himself than the young Cohen ever had. There were headlines in the papers quoting him saying, "I am ready to die"—nothing new from Leonard. But this time he decided to give a press conference in L.A., somehow get up there and smile and say he was going to live to 102. He said nothing about the cancer. When I was writing Cohen's biography, a close friend from childhood, Mort Rosengarten, had described how, even when suffering acute bouts of depression, Leonard "wasn't a whiney depressive, he didn't complain." In the email I got from Leonard around five weeks before his death, he mentioned that he was "a little under the weather." I'd forgotten what a master of understatement he was.

In his final album, he sang himself back home. *Hineni*, he sang, "I am ready," accompanied by the cantor and choir of Congregation Shaar Hashomayim in Westmount, the synagogue his great-grandfather had founded, and in whose cemetery he would be buried on November 10, in a private ceremony, next to his parents.

In L.A., Cohen was working until the day before he died: a new collection of poems, more than fifty of them done, and songs for a new album. The champion of the cracked and broken, one of the great poets and songwriters of our time, a one-off, irreplaceable, he died with his boots on, and left us so much.

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#### 10. November 7, 2016 A Kaddish for Leonard Cohen

Shortly after the release of *You Want It Darker*, his fourteenth and final album, Cohen passed away at his Los Angeles residence.

He had launched You Want It Darker on October 21, 2016. Produced by his son, singer Adam Cohen, the album was recorded at Leonard Cohen's home in Los Angeles, on account of his precarious health. Offering a more acoustic sound, the album features Eastern European musical influences as well as the choir of the Shaar Hashomayim synagogue in Westmount, which he had attended throughout his childhood. From the start, it was universally acclaimed by critics. Nineteen days later, Leonard Cohen died in the night at his home. His death, occurring during the week in which Donald Trump was elected to the US Presidency, left the public heartbroken, so striking was the contrast between the two events.

In retrospect, You Want It Darker gives the impression that Cohen was reciting his own Kaddish, the Jewish prayer for the dead. Indeed, the Hebrew word Hineni, which he repeatedly utters in the title song, as well as the words "I'm ready, my Lord," evoke a sombre prophecy. Cohen's death was mourned across Canada and around the world. In Montréal, admirers from all over gathered in front of his home on Rue Vallières to commemorate the final departure of this most famous of Montrealers. The Québec flag was flown at half-mast over the National Assembly in Québec City. Rarely had a Montrealer touched so many people of different cultures and generations. With his own, unique way of expressing melancholy and the beauty of the world, his remarkable ability to reinvent himself through poetry, song and prayer, as well as his distinctive voice, Leonard Cohen produced a luminous body of work that has been celebrated worldwide for decades. Today, the man who became one of the greatest singer/songwriters of his time continues to inspire a host of artists for whom his memory lives on.

Gabor Szilasi Leonard Cohen 1966, 2017 Gelatin silver print 27.9 × 35.6 cm Collection of the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal



'Now I greet you from the other side of sorrow and despair, with a love so vast and so shattered, it will reach you everywhere."

- Leonard Cohen

ARI FOLMAN

GEORGE FOK

KOTA EZAWA

MICHAEL RAKOWITZ

TARYN SIMON

THOMAS DEMAND

CHRISTOPHE CHASSOL

JANET CARDIFF AND GEORGE BURES MILLER

KARA BLAKE

CANDICE BREITZ

SHARON ROBINSON

LEONARD COHEN

THE SANCHEZ BROTHERS

JON RAFMAN

CLARA FUREY WITH MARK QUINN

TACITA DEAN

DAILY TOUS LES JOURS

ZACH RICHTER

JENNY HOLZER

#### **ARI FOLMAN**

HAIFA, ISRAEL, 1962 LIVES AND WORKS IN TEL AVIV, ISRAEL.

#### Depression Chamber, 2017

Interactive computer-animated video installation, live camera, Kinect sensor, black and white, colour, sound, 5 min 10 s, including resting platform

The fragility of the human psyche is a recurring theme in Leonard Cohen's early albums and throughout his body of work. Addressing the debilitating nature of loss, suffering and depression, Israeli filmmaker Ari Folman has created a sensory "depression chamber." Visitors are invited, one at a time, to enter a sarcophagus-like environment and be plunged into an otherworldly experience. The image of the visitor lying on a bed in the space, in total isolation and darkness, is projected onto the ceiling of the box as Cohen's song Famous Blue Raincoat plays. The projected lyrics of the song begin to slowly morph, letter by letter, through animation, into icons that symbolize Cohen's multi-faceted thematic universe. These images eventually flood the space, gradually shrouding the visitor's image.

Ari Folman's Waltz with Bashir (2008) is internationally recognized as a cinematic masterpiece. The animated feature documentary won eighteen awards, including Israel's awards for best film, best director and best screenplay, and the Directors Guild of America award for Outstanding Directorial Achievement in Documentary, and was honoured with a Golden Globe Award for Best Foreign Language Film. The war documentary was also nominated for multiple BAFTA awards, a Cannes Film Festival award and an Academy Award for Best Foreign Language Film. Folman's 2013 live action/animated feature film The Congress premiered that year at Cannes and won the European Film Academy award for Animated Feature Film.

My first memory of Leonard Cohen, goes back many years to when I was a boy of ten. My eighteen-year-old eldest sister's boyfriend left her without warning, and she plunged into a deep depression. She locked herself in her room for weeks, shut the shutters and windows, and played just one record on her turntable: Songs of Leonard Cohen. Cohen's first record. The whole family stood outside her bedroom day after day, for hours, terrified that my sister would harm herself. After a month inside, she came out as skinny as a toothpick and told us she'd decided to study medicine. Forty years on, she's an international specialist in ophthalmology for premature babies.

The years passed, but Leonard Cohen remained forever associated in my mind with an all-embracing, protective, sweet melancholy that gives you a feeling of home and of "leave me alone for a while, I need some time to myself." When I received the wonderful offer to take part in the exhibition at the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal, I intuitively knew that I wanted to address the depressing aspect of Leonard Cohen as it was manifested in his early albums. To try to understand what drives what: Does Cohen's melancholia drive his creative work? Or does his creativity "oblige" the listener—as a built-in condition—to enter a state of melancholia? The general idea is to build a "depression box," a kind of sarcophagus  $3 \times 2$  metres in size and 2 metres tall. A completely black box, a black Limbo, with a pallet on the floor. The visitor lies on the pallet, and hears Cohen's Famous Blue Raincoat (according to Cohen's fan site, this song was chosen many times as his most depressing song). The visitor, in total isolation, hears the song, then the visitor's image appears on the black ceiling of the box. Meanwhile, the lyrics of the song are projected on all the walls, while slowly, the letters of the lyrics morph in beautiful animation to icons that symbolize Cohen's world. These beautiful images flood the box and move slowly upward, starting to cover the visitor's image on the ceiling. We can see the notes take over the visitor's brain, innards, intestines, lungs, bloodstream, all in breathtaking animation that underlines the influence of melancholia on the body. By the end of the song, the visitor's image on the ceiling is completely covered and buried by what used to be the lyrics of the song. The total isolation in which the visitor is immersed, the caressing music—the volume of which is emphasized by the acoustic box—will gradually create, over the course of five minutes, a unique listening and viewing experience appropriate to Cohen more than any other artist. A.F.



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**GEORGE FOK** 

HONG KONG, 1969 LIVES AND WORKS IN MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC.

#### Passing Through, 2017

Multi-channel video installation, black and white and colour, sound, 56 min 15 s, looped

Passing Through, an immersive video work, celebrates Leonard Cohen's singular voice, his music, his charismatic persona and his inimitable stage presence. Drawing on a vast archive of audiovisual material, George Fok pays tribute to Leonard Cohen's monumental, five-decade-long career as a singer/songwriter and performer. This composite portrait of the artist recalls and reconstructs various pivotal stages in Cohen's careerfrom his early years in bohemian, 1960s Montréal to his recognition as a heavyweight global cultural icon later in life. Visitors experience an extraordinary time-travel journey through a collage of collective memories, musical moments and emotions that have enchanted generations of fans around the world.

George Fok received his design education at Hong Kong Polytechnic, which provided him with an eclectic blend of traditional British art education and progressive Eastern philosophy. Upon his arrival in Montréal, he co-founded Epoxy Communications and established himself as a creative director capable of crossing over into various visual communication platforms, from graphic design, photography, film and video to visual effects. He is currently creative director at the Phi Centre, a multidisciplinary cultural institution in Montréal. *Passing Through* is my personal tribute, a commemorative farewell and also an invitation to loyal fans of Leonard Cohen and a new generation of audiences to celebrate his charismatic persona and monumental stage presence, in an immersive time-travel journey.

With the objective of collective experience rather than personal achievement in mind, the focus of this installation is first and foremost Leonard—larger than life.

My creative process began with an extensive footage search from broadcasters and institutional archives; an analytical database was then compiled from a variety of sources as the bedrock of this work. The contents of this footage were meticulously reviewed and categorized into groups and subgroups, such as tempo, key, framing, duration, camera angle, etc., thus giving an overview of available audiovisual material for montage and composition.

The song *Passing Through*, although not written by Leonard himself, was performed extensively during his early career years. The opening verse unfolds a parable, from a first-person point of view, as a stranger, sojourner or bystander eyewitnesses Jesus' excruciating suffering on the cross. Perplexed by the circumstance, the stranger poses a question about the worthiness of Jesus' sacrifice for a world that is hostile and treacherous. Surprisingly, Jesus encourages the stranger with words of love and compassion rather than hate, speaking of the transient nature of one's life journey on earth. This quasi-Abrahamic, Judeo-Christian notion, which prevails throughout Cohen's body of work, and the liturgical quality of his work (*Hallelujah*), intensified in his last three albums, have become the backbone and source of inspiration of this project.

This is complemented by other prominent themes in Cohen's work, such as romance, longing, desire and remorse—with hits such as *Suzanne* and *Chelsea Hotel No. 2* underlining the ironic link between loneliness and companionship.

The final emotional letter Leonard wrote to Marianne Ihlen before her death has added another swell of emotion to the song as I witnessed it for the first time, the young, midlife and elder Leonard performing the same song in a juxtapositional time frame.

The conflict between his Jewish identity and his Buddhist practice, his social criticism and cynicism, between the sacred and the secular, longing and spirituality, darkness and elegance, humour and wisdom, is well displayed in the middle section with the choice of songs like *Democracy*, *Dance Me to the End of Love*, *Tower of Song* and *Memories*.

Finally, I've been deeply moved by the beauty and knowledge of Leonard Cohen and by his words of wisdom—his dedicated work ethic, brutal honesty toward himself, stoic manner at times of suffering, constant quest for spirituality and much more. I would like to be able to partake in his legacy, through my work in this exhibition, to celebrate, rejoice and share tears of loving memories together with every visitor, in this particular time and space where our paths intersect and we are blessed with his golden voice. G.F.



mais maintenant ils ont rouillé du coude jusqu'au bout des doigts



lls m'ant condamne à vingt ans d'ennui







### **KOTA EZAWA**

COLOGNE, GERMANY, 1969 LIVES AND WORKS IN OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA.

#### Cohen 21, 2017

16-mm animated film installation, black and white, sound, 2 min 30 s, looped

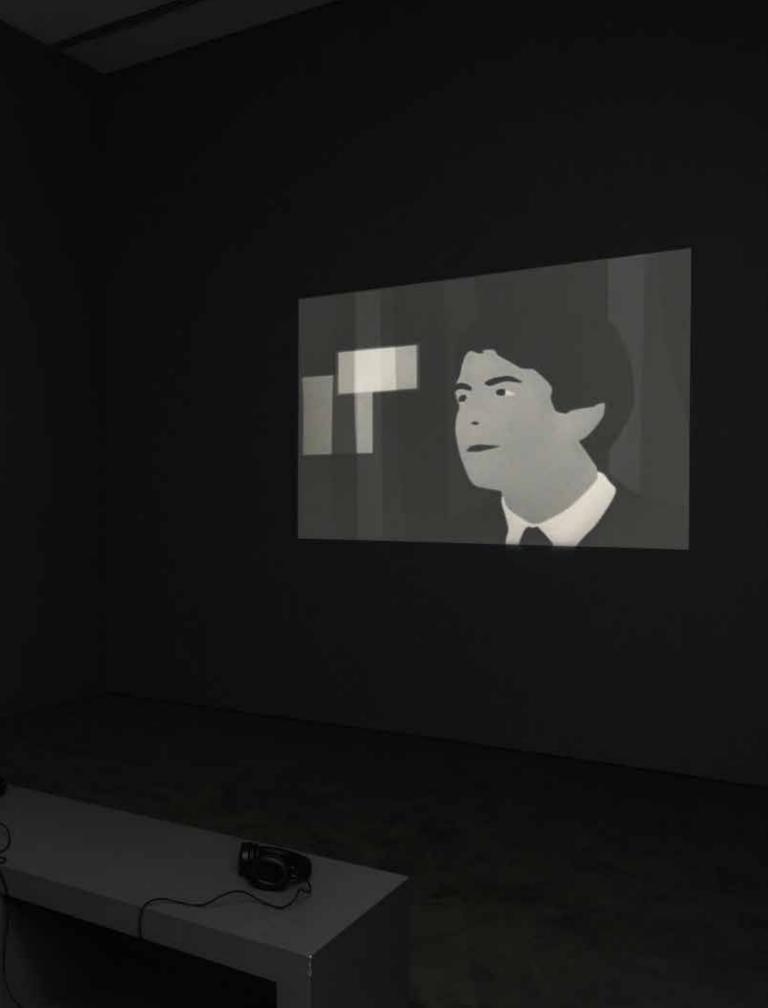
In his cinematic work *Cohen 21*, Kota Ezawa reanimates the opening two and a half minutes of the National Film Board of Canada's 1965 documentary film, *Ladies and Gentlemen... Mr. Leonard Cohen.* This recreated black-and-white scene portrays Cohen at age thirty on a visit to his hometown of Montréal, where he comes "to renew his neurotic affiliations." Ezawa has created a derivative work, painstakingly animated frame by frame and overlaid with semi-transparent geometric forms inspired by Hans Richter's 1921 silent abstract film *Rhythm 21*.

Kota Ezawa's work explores the appropriation and mediation of current events and images. He translates found film, video and photographic images into drawings and animations that reduce complex imagery to its most essential, two-dimensional elements in order to debate their validity as mediators of actual historical events and personal experiences. Ezawa's work has been shown in solo exhibitions across Canada and the United States, and in group exhibitions at major museums such as the Museum of Modern Art, New York, Art Institute of Chicago and Musée d'art moderne de la Ville de Paris. When the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal approached me about contributing a work for *A Crack in Everything*, I was only vaguely familiar with the music of Leonard Cohen. Growing up in rural Germany in the eighties, my main musical influences were Heavy Metal, Punk and Pop music. North American singer/songwriters almost completely passed me by, perhaps because I thought it was necessary to pay attention to the lyrics (which I didn't always understand).

To my surprise, I got completely sucked into the music of Leonard Cohen while gearing up for this project and have listened to it constantly in my studio ever since. What touches me about Cohen's oeuvre is that it works so well as a sonic experience—and not just as a recitation of his much-lauded lyrics. I'm equally seduced by the guitar arpeggios from his early albums, the synth pop in his eighties recordings, the choir and string arrangements on his last album and by the metamorphosis of his voice over time.

Cohen 21 is not so much an homage to Leonard Cohen as it is a chemical experiment. What do you get if you combine the first two and a half minutes of a poetry performance by Cohen with the geometric movement in Hans Richter's film *Rhythm 21*? I leave it up to the viewer to analyze the result, but my hope is that Richter's Dadaist shapes function similarly to the instrumental portion of Cohen's music and that they transform Cohen's words into a song. KE.





# **MICHAEL RAKOWITZ**

GREAT NECK, NEW YORK, 1973 LIVES AND WORKS IN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

#### *I'm* Good at Love, *I'm* Good at Hate, *It's* in Between I Freeze, 2015–2017

Multimedia installation featuring video projection, darkened monitor, archival artifacts and objects

This installation meditates on the iconic figure of Leonard Cohen and the ethical crisis of the post-Holocaust Jew in relation to Israel, Palestine and the greater Middle East. Michael Rakowitz presents various relevant objects and artifacts (such as Cohen poems published in Farsi in Iran), as well as letters and contextualized fragments that weave together a compelling and moving narrative.

The work also includes a video projection, filmed at the Alhambra Palace Hotel in Ramallah, Palestine-which, like the Hotel Chelsea in New York City, hosted many musicians and movie stars passing through Palestine-to reconstruct the period during which Cohen travelled to Israel to perform for troops fighting in the Yom Kippur War. The project's culmination is an event that may or may not happen: the reincarnation of a 2009 Cohen concert in Ramallah, which was cancelled because of the Palestinian Academic and Cultural Boycott of Israel, to be played by Rakowitz and local musicians at the Ramallah Cultural Palace. This footage will be added to the installation once it has taken place. Until then, the video monitor remains dark.

Michael Rakowitz's multidisciplinary practice engages the senses as a means of sparking discourse around pressing political, social and historical issues. An American artist of Iraqi-Jewish origin, Rakowitz creates conceptual art that is known for establishing unexpected connections. In doing so, he forges entirely new and composite narratives that challenge and engage the audience in a vibrant revival of the past.

He is Professor of Art Theory and Practice at Northwestern University and has shown his work in venues worldwide. Over the years, he has been honoured with many awards for his work, which also features in major private and public collections around the world. His solo exhibition at MCA Chicago, *Michael Rakowitz: Backstroke of the West*, opened in September 2017. He has been awarded the Fourth Plinth commission for 2018 in London's Trafalgar Square.





August 14, 2015

#### Dear Leonard,

I hope this letter finds you well. I am writing to you from my rented apartment in Istanbul. In fact, I am writing this letter on your green Olivetti Lettera 22 typewriter, a prize eBay acquisition for which I puid dearly. I have been trying to contact you through your representative. Robert Kory, since November 2012. In his response, he said yhat you and I should mmet and that we have much to talk about as artists. Sadly, I have not heard any further, so I am reaching out once more.

I don't know if you could simply consider me a fan. I am a very great admirer of your work, although I came to it late, in order to romande a girl from your hometown of Montreal. Froselytization finally occurred during your concert at the Chicago Theatre in May 2009. Newse taken in by your humility; your poignant utterances renewed my faith in poetry to have world-changing potency. At the end, you coyly recited the traditional Hebrew "Birchat Cohanim" > blessing in everyday language, a kind of farewell that was bestowed by you--in the position & Cohanic priest, as your name suggests-upon an audience of mixed backgrounds with a simple warring that we should bundle up because the weather was tricky; that if we should fall, may it be on the side of luck; a wish for us to be surrunded by loved ones, and if this was not our lot in life, that the blessings find us in our solitude. I never felt more Jewish in my entire life.

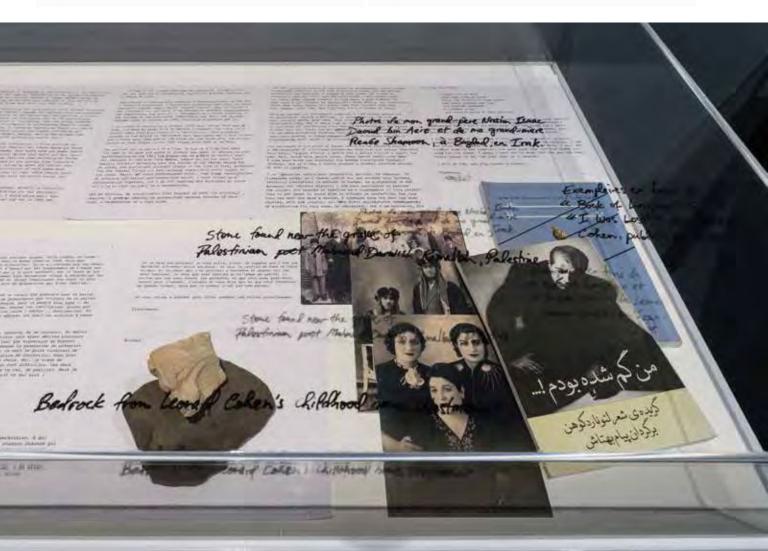
I have sat through many concerts and 41 Rosh Mashanah and Yom Kippur sermons. This was the pinnacle of any live collective event I can recall to memory.

Later that same year, I traveled to Jerusalem to make an artwork of my own with a Palestinian organization called Al Ma'mal Foundation for Contemporary Art. I was elated to find out that you were scheduled to play in Ramallah in September at the invitation of the Palestinian Prisoners Club. But then the restrictions of the Palestinian Campaign for the Academic and Cultural Boycott of Israel (PACEI) forced the gig's cancellation, as you were also scheduled to play Tel Aviv on September 24, just three days after your 75th birthday.

In arpress release explaining the cancellation, FAGEI stated: "Attempts at 'parity' not only immorally equake the oppressor with the oppressed, taking a neutral position on the oppression..they also are an insult to the Falestinian people, as they assume that we are naive enough to accept such token shows of 'solidarity' that are solely intended to cover up grave acts of coldusion in whitewashing Israel's orimes. Those sincerely interested in defending Falestinian rights and taking a moral and courageous stance against the Israeli occupation and apartheid should not play Israel, period, That is the minumum form of solidarity Falestinian civil society has called for."

Leomard, I believe toymouts are problematic. I think politics can obliterate art, but I also think that art can create facts and bring to light truths that are suppressed. Your words have had great impact around the world, and in particular, "Am the Arab world and West Asia. Palestinian director Elia Suleiman features your recording of "First We Take Manhattam" during the climax of his lyrical film "Chronicle of a Disappearamce." Your proce is quoted by poets and artists from Palestine, Syria and Lebanon. Two collections of your poems have been translated into Farsi and published in Iran, where Jewish poets are not well represented. Both editions sold out within hours. Art obliterates politics.

I have never been interested in being perfect, morally or ethically. I am interested in the real, the contradictions and the resultant tensions that are created within the self. I think about you-- the your who was born in 1934, and the 11-year-old boy who in 1945 saw



footage of the infermo that was the Holocaust. A tragic truth, and one that led to overwhelming support for a Jewish homeland, for a Europe in exile.

Your desire to balance your presence in Falestine/Israel is one that I therefore understand. I was raised in suburban New York, and there seemed no logical reason \$conot support Sioniam. Then in college I was introduced to the facts of an indigenous people's dispossession and hugiliation, the cost of . constgucting a Jewish homeland. I saw footage of the atrocities committed at the Sabra and Shatila refugee camps in Lebanon in 1952. Cognitive disponance set in.

I am currently working on a project about you, titled "I'm Good &t Love, I'm Good At Hate, It's In Between I Freeze". "The title is of course taken from your composition "Recitation." This paralysis located in the middle is the moment that captivates me. I feel it too, and I think many Jews around the world who are faced with the ethical crisis of what Israel is and what Israel does feel it as well.

The project may or may not be a film. It may be a film that does not need to be made and maybe it already has been. It centers on your participation in the 1973 YOM Kippur War as alkind of warrior poet. You traveled to Tel Aviv from Hydra. Greece to, as you said, "stop Egypt's bullet." Believing that the future of the Jewish people was at stake, you positioned yourself firmly in the line of fire, performing for the Inreal troops and even alphing cogmac with Ariel Sharon in the Sinai. Fhotos of these performances exist. Some foggy recollections of soldiers and fellow performers also exist. I have pulled some documentation together, but I am too restless and disturbed to allow all this to rest politely as a documentary.

Let me explain. My grandparents fled Baghdad in 1946 for political reasons. I grew up hearing my grandmother recount stories of that city, a remembrance of a lost home.

it is you who wrote:

I can't run no more with that lawless crowd. while the killers in high places any their prayers out loud But they've summoned a thunder cloud And they're going to hear from me.

Perhaps I don't need to ask your permission. Who owns a song? Reflecting on the pilfered rights to "Suzanne," you said "It is probably appropriate that I don't own this song. Just the other day I heard some people singing it on a ship in the Caspian Sea." Indeed. Your songe are now part of public space. They belong to the world.

I don't know why I am writing to you, then. I suppose it is about honor among artists. I see the conflict in you and the conflict in me and think that somehow we can blend and have it both ways. I want you to know that in war sometimes the good guys lose and that maybe you sang for the enemy. I guess I want you to know that the way you feel feels normal to me, but that that is no excuse.

I will go now, and stop Israel's bullet.

Sincerely, Clube As Jews living in Baghdad in the 1940s, my grandparents'-lives became increasingly difficult as the tide of politics turned and the British Mandate for the partition of Palestine grew closer and closer to becoming a reality. Their land was confiscated, their assets taken and their lives changed forever. In some ways, a good forever. Im many ways, a sad forever, My grandparents spoke Arabiq and traditional foods were kubba, mashi, and arouk. They were Jewsbut they were also Iraqi, until they were told they could no longer to Iraqi.

Looking through old photographs recently, I came across several of my grandfather wearing a keffiyeh. It reinforced for me that we were actually Arabs. Arab Jews. This term--Arab Jew--existed in the world until 1948. Now it seems like an oxymoron. I am not interested in arguments and accusations about who is responsible for the exodus of Jews from Arab lands and who euffered more at whose <u>kands and when</u>. But the well-documented programs that sought to desirabize Arab Jews upon their arrival in Israel Maneanother act of cultural erasu@e, of disappearance.with which I am intimate.

The existence of the state of Israel could not be possible without a shoreography of historical narratives that does not always intersect with truth. "Alland without a people for a people without a land", for one. Well, there were people there. Every Jewish institution that I have ever known has displayed the Hebrew inscription "zachor." Remember. And as a Jew, I cannot support a Zionist position because of what if formets.

I am "therefore asking your permission, Leonard, to remember. To illuminate truth. As a Jewish artist who has written many letters declining invitations to exhibit in Israel, as a signatory of the academic and Cultural Boycett, I ask your permission to perform the concert you planmed in Ramallah as a culmination of this project. This is not meant to sound like an attempt at correction, You came from the West and made a choice. I approach from the East and make another. Both are painful, and bath yield unacceptable consequences of elimination (in this came, of audiences). But I am heartemed, for

#### PROPOSED SETLIST

Date: TBD

Ramallah Cultural Palace, Palestine

· First Set

Dance Me to the End of Love The Puture Ain't No Oure for Love Bind on the Wire Everybody Knows In Ny Secret Life Who by Fire Cheleen Hotel no.2 Lover Lover Lover Avalanche Waiting for the Miracle Anthem

#### Second Set

Tower of Song Suzanne Sisters of Mercy The Gypsy's Wife The Partisan Boogie Street Hallelujah I'm Your Man Take This Waltz

#### Emoore

So Long, Marianne First We Take Manhattan

Encore 2

Famous Blue Raincoat If It Be Your Will Closing Time

Encore 3

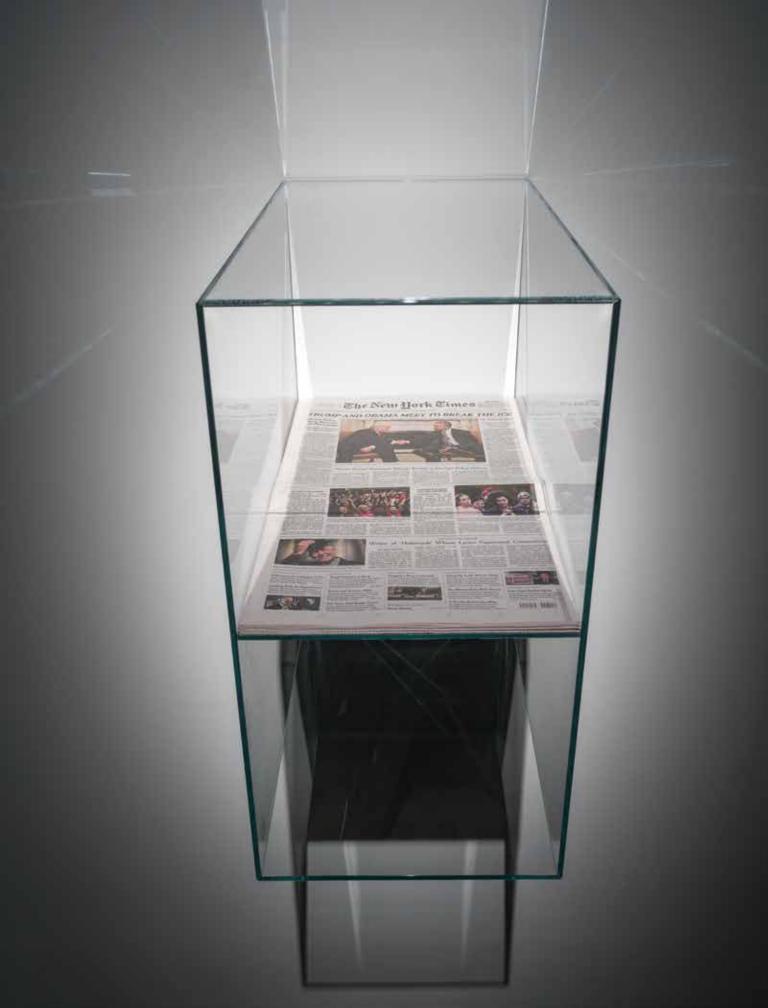
I Tried to Leave You Heggy That's No Way to Say Goodbye Whither Thou Goest TARYN SIMON NEW YORK, NEW YORK, 1975 LIVES AND WORKS IN NEW YORK.

# The New York Times, Friday, November 11, 2016, 2017

Mixed-media installation Back issue of the *New York Times* newspaper (dated November 11, 2016), including a glass display cabinet

Leonard Cohen died on Monday, November 7, 2016, one day before Donald Trump was elected the forty-fifth President of the United States. The *New York Times* published his obituary on the front page of the newspaper on Friday, November 11, 2016, below an article and photograph describing the first face-to-face meeting between Barack Obama and then Presidentelect Trump. In the picture that accompanies his obituary, Cohen lifts his hat in a gesture of greeting or farewell.

Taryn Simon is a multidisciplinary artist working in photography, text, sculpture and performance. Guided by an interest in systems of categorization and classification, her practice involves extensive research into the power and structure of secrecy and the precarious nature of survival. Simon's works have been the subject of exhibitions at the Louisiana Museum of Modern Art, Copenhagen (2016-2017), The Albertinum, Dresden (2016), Galerie Rudolfinum, Prague (2016), Garage Museum of Contemporary Art, Moscow (2016), Jeu de Paume, Paris (2015), Ullens Center for Contemporary Art, Beijing (2013), Museum of Modern Art, New York (2012), Tate Modern, London (2011), Neue Nationalgalerie, Berlin (2011), and Whitney Museum of American Art, New York (2007). Permanent collections include the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Tate Modern, Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum, Centre Pompidou and Los Angeles County Museum of Art. Her work was included in the 56th Venice Biennale (2015). Simon is a graduate of Brown University and a Guggenheim Fellow.



# The New

#### TRUMP AND OBAMA

By SHERVL GAY STOLBERG

NAZARETH, Pa. – Debbie Biro became a Republican to vote for Donaid J. Trump.

Biro became a Republican to voie for Donnid J. Trump. A fidong Democran. Ms. Biro, 57, is a churchgoing single mother who practices yogs and does not outmeat. She works in the office at the Crayola Crayons factory near here, and she can purpoint her "turning point" – the momentahe became convinced that Mr. Trump was 'a strong leader, and he'll get things does. It came in Jammary, when he'll good the state garnered que the for veterans – and fund raiser for vete



"Never Tramp' Becomes 'Mayl

Trump supporters in Reno, Nev., cheered as it became clear the real estate mogul was going to become the president-elect.

1

married to a doctor, also em-braced Mr. Trump. So did Wanda Luccoln, 67, a retired college ad-ministrator still working to make ends meet in a threadbare mill city in Maine. And Kyleigh Ost-endorf, 26, who lives in Los Ange-

100.30

16.5 and along

les and produces graphics for ESPN As America dissects the results of Tuesday's election, one trend stands out: Tens of thousands of women — 53 percent of all white Continuer of Protein 2010 Puez 010 Continued in Election 2010, Page P10

Leonard Cohen in 2012. His musical career spanned 45 years

1

## Writer of 'Hall BY LARRY ROHTER

By LARRY ROUTER Leonard Cohen, the Canadian poet and novelist who abandoned a promising literary career to be-come one of the foremost song-writters of the contemporary era, has died, according to an an-noancement Thursday night on his Facebook page. He was 82. Mit Colten's record label, Sony Music, cenfirmed the death. No

#### ELECTION 2016 PL12

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A Bonanza for Lobbying Firms Repecting gridlock to enit with a Trump menidoucy, corporations are preking belp to mavie ate the change PALLE IN

#### Jousting With the Republicans Security Chock Schurner will need to numers and constraints your point constraints on the as minimicity leader. \$141.12 PS



#### ELECTION 2016

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#### Russia and Trump's Allies

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#### The Votes That Really Count

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#### NEW YORK AM 20 **Clogging a Busy**

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EDITOHIAL DP-ED David Brooks



as Trainip' in Foreign Palisy Systems

# By KATHARINE Q. SEELYE and CLAIRE CAIN MILLER

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. - It was visceral. Women felt gutted, shocked, appalled, afraid. The prospect of celebrating the elecnon of the nation's first temale president had been crushed by a man whom many women viewed as sexist.

as sexist. In this liberal enclave, where Mrs. Clinton won 89.2 percent of the vote over Donald J. Trump, one of her strongest showings anywhere, Molly Hubner, 33, said she was having difficulty explain-ing the result to her 6-year-old daughter. "We had told her that he would-he's not very kind," Ms. Hubner said, pushing her young son in a covered sidewalk. After the elec-portant to be kind to people "and that our country is O.K., it's still a In this liberal enclave, where



Women who had supported Hillary Clinton gathered in Washington Square Park in New York on the day after the election.

sale place to be." Women across the country who supported Mrs. Clinton are just starting to process their feelings about the long roller coaster ride that in their view ended in disas-ter.

The shock they feel that a mun whom they describe as sexist, mi-sogynistic and boorish was elected has overshadowed some of their grief about Mrs. Clinton's boss. Like so many of the other ri-Continued in Election 2016, Page Plo

# elujah' Whose Lyrics Captivated Generations

details were available on the cause or where he died. Over a musical carreer that spanned nearly five decades, Mr. Cohen wrote songs that ad-dressed – in spare language that could be both oblique and telling. Themes of love and faith, de-spair and exaitation, solitude and cohnection, war and politics. More than 2,000 recordings of his songs have been made, initially by The folk-pep singers who were this first

charupions, like Judy Collins and Im Handin, and later by perform, respondent and the spectrum of popular music, among them U2, Aretha Franklin, R.E.M., Jeff fuckley, Trishn Yearwood and El-ton John. The Cohen's best-known song may well be "Hallehujah? a majes-tic, meditarive hallad infused with both religiosity and earthiness. It has record company rejected as in

his record company rejected as in-

milliciently commercial and popu-larized a decade later by Jeff Buckley, Since then some 100 million from Bob Dylan to Justin Timberiake, have sang of se-corded II. Abook has been written about II, and II has been teatured on the soundtracks of movies and objects and other public evolus At the 2016 Grammy Awards, Tors Kolly sang Hablelujah" for the an Continuent on Pupe IE

#### Crossroads

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August 21 11, 52

#### HUNDRESS DAY HUB

LEONARD COHEN, 1934-2016

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WEEKEND ARTS CS 34

Late-Night Reality Church

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NATINIA NORUIT

## **THOMAS DEMAND**

MUNICH, GERMANY, 1964 LIVES AND WORKS IN BERLIN, GERMANY AND LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

#### Ampel / Stoplight, 2016

Multimedia video installation Animated video on LED panel, colour, stereo, sound (Tyondai Braxton with Leonard Cohen), 20 min, looped

In Thomas Demand's video piece, an animated sculptural rendition of a stoplight switches from red to green and then back to red. A pedestrian traffic light is amongst the most binary and self-evident directives of any city, an organizer of movement and, at the same time, a symbolic representation of an individual and a hand. These two signs are profoundly basic images that send clear and concise instructions to the pedestrian.

The close-up view of the stoplight is accompanied by a special a cappella recording of Leonard Cohen's song *Everybody Knows*, which Demand considers a piece of musical infrastructure. The song is both wickedly funny and bleakly pessimistic, an endless litany of notable observations and dystopian predictions where the title is repeated dozens of times, echoing the relentless stop and go of the stoplight. Tyondai Braxton composed a soundtrack that embeds Cohen's vocal track with abstract but urban signals and humming tunes. The timed animation follows the song's recurring refrains and stanzas.

After initially concentrating on sculpture, Thomas Demand soon turned to constructing architectural models out of paper and cardboard, which he then photographed or filmed to make astonishing, yet enigmatic, large-scale images and projections. His work has been shown in countless group shows around the world and solo exhibitions at major international institutions.



## **CHRISTOPHE CHASSOL**

PARIS, FRANCE, 1976 LIVES AND WORKS IN PARIS.

#### Cuba in Cohen, 2017

Single-screen video installation, black and white, sound, 15 min 19 s, looped, including annotated musical scores

In the video Cuba in Cohen, Christophe Chassol remixes, sets to melody and harmonizes an excerpt of Leonard Cohen reciting his poem "The Only Tourist in Havana Turns His Thoughts Homeward" (Flowers for Hitler, 1964) from the National Film Board of Canada's documentary film Ladies and Gentlemen... Mr. Leonard Cohen (Donald Brittain and Don Owen, 1965). During his residency at Xavier Veilhan's "Studio Venezia"-the French pavilion at the 57th Venice Biennale-French composer and pianist Christophe Chassol scored the poem and invited several singers to reinterpret this newly melodized work. Chassol created his "ultrascore" by applying speech-harmonizing techniques to the excerpt of Cohen's poetry reading. Isolating and synchronizing each syllable spoken by the poet, Chassol forms melodic arrangements, which are then harmonized with bass lines and drum beats.

Christophe Chassol is a pianist, film score composer and audiovisual maverick. His compositions combine voice, music, sound and image into new audiovisual objects—"ultrascores" which he duplicates and re-edits to create a visual motif through the harmonization of sounds. His last "ultrascore," *Big Sun* (2015), was produced in his family's birthplace—Martinique—and closes a trilogy begun in New Orleans with *Nola Chérie* (2012) and continued in India with *Indiamore* (2013). I grew up listening obsessively to classical music, jazz, film music, Indian classical music, West Indian music and a few pop bands.

I was, and still am, crazy about Miles Davis, Stravinsky, Ennio Morricone, Ravi Shankar and The Cure, but I more or less consciously overlooked institutions like the Beatles, Bob Dylan or Pink Floyd. Leonard Cohen was one of those I overlooked.

That's why, when I was invited to participate in this exhibition, I thought at first that I wasn't a legitimate participant. Then I understood that it was actually an opportunity to use my musical practice of harmonizing reality to discover and appropriate for myself this "artist/institution" whose song *Suzanne* was all I vaguely knew. My only other connection to Leonard Cohen was his family name, which he shared with my partner and our son.

In delving into the archives placed at my disposal, I was struck by his resemblance to Dustin Hoffman—someone I have felt close to since I was a teenager because of *Little Big Man* and, especially, *Marathon Man*.

More than his music, I wanted to hear his poems, his prose and his diction.

Looking at the documentary *Ladies and Gentlemen... Mr. Leonard Cohen*, the political irony, the quiet calm, the humour and the depth of the young "Dustin Cohen" in his poem "The Only Tourist in Havana Turns His Thoughts Homeward" immediately spoke to me.

The melodic promise of political phrases like "Let us encourage the dark races, so they'll be lenient when they take over" was more than fulfilled.

Other, more violent and nostalgic lines still resonate in my head:

"My brothers, come, our serious heads are waiting for us somewhere, like Gladstone bags abandoned after a *coup d'état*." I was in Havana



# fighting on both sides

And, I wrote this poem

Let us put them on very quickly







CUBA IN COHEN Churtophe Charol Expondion French Parling Condig The bedre on portection Acrack in Dayling Lavier Veilloun MAC Montreal Jullet 2017 03/11/2017-02/04/2018 Come my Brothers Let us Govern Camada 400 #00 0 #00 0 #0 0 0 Lat us find our Socions Heads - let us dump askerts on the white house Let up make the Fiench talk english Not only here but everywhere # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 · · + · + · Individually the Senate Let up Forture 1040 # 0 # 0 ° # ° # 0

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# JANET CARDIFF

BRUSSELS, ONTARIO, 1957 LIVES AND WORKS IN GRINDROD, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

# **GEORGE BURES MILLER**

VEGREVILLE, ALBERTA, 1960 LIVES AND WORKS IN GRINDROD, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

#### The Poetry Machine, 2017

Interactive audio/mixed-media installation including organ, speakers, carpet, computer and electronics

All poetry written and performed by Leonard Cohen from *Book of Longing*, published 2006 by McClelland & Stewart

Dedicated to Leonard Cohen, 1934-2016

A vintage Wurlitzer organ from the 1950s sits in the middle of the gallery. Sitting on top of it and around the room are various old speakers and a gramophone horn. If a key is pressed on the organ, you hear Leonard Cohen's beautiful, gravelly voice reading a poem from *Book of Longing*. Each key on the organ contains a different poem from the book. The keys can be played one at a time or all at once. If you press one key singly and then another, it is like creating different linkages between Cohen's poems, almost like creating new poems from his words. Uncanny juxtapositions can take place. If you press numerous keys at once, a wonderful cacophony of Cohen's voice surrounds you.

Janet Cardiff and George Bures Miller are internationally recognized artists known for their immersive multimedia sound installations and their audio and video walks. Their recent solo exhibitions include: 21st Century Museum, Kanazawa (2017); ARoS Aarhus Art Museum (2015); Museo Nacional Centro de Arte Reina Sofía, Madrid (2015); and the Menil Collection, Houston (2015). Recent group exhibitions include Being Modern: MoMA in Paris, Fondation Louis Vuitton, Paris (2017); 19th Biennale of Sydney (2014); and dOCUMENTA (13). In 2011, Cardiff and Miller won Germany's prestigious Käthe Kollwitz Prize. They also represented Canada at the 2001 Venice Biennale, for which they received the Biennale's Premio Speciale (Special Prize) and the Benesse Prize.

We have both been fans of Leonard Cohen for a long time. Not only of his music but of his poetry and novels. In high school, I passed English by composing Leonard Cohen-inspired poetry and started playing guitar because of him. I wrote Cohenesque songs and played them alone in my room. I learned to play *Chelsea Hotel* and wore out the grooves on my *Songs of Leonard Cohen* album. My mother was not too fond of him however; I think she found his lyrics too obscene for a teenager in the seventies. She called him "that man" as in "please stop playing that man." Years later, Mum's favourite song was *Hallelujah*, and we played it for her at her hospice bedside.

"I miss my mother. I want to bring her to India."

We were asked if we wanted to participate in a show in which the artists would create works inspired by Leonard Cohen.

#### We said yes immediately.

For years we had an old broken Wurlitzer organ sitting around the studio. We'd been planning to create some sort of sound artwork out of it. We discussed an idea: each key on the organ would play a poem from Leonard Cohen's early books. If you released the key it would stop mid-poem, and if you pressed the key again it would start from where it had stopped. You would be able to juxtapose different lines from different poems or play multiple poems all at once, creating a spoken-word cacophony. It would be a poetry machine of infinite possibility and connection.

We didn't know if it could be made to work or not. Janet drew it in her notebook. The organ, covered in old speakers and gramophone horns. We started researching software to make it happen (*Plogue Bidule*—uncannily, made in Montréal). We started reading the old books again, books I had lost when I moved away from home: *Let Us Compare Mythologies* (1956); *The Spice-Box of Earth* (1961); *Flowers for Hitler* (1964). I did some test recordings, but something just wasn't right. My voice and performance didn't resonate the way they needed to. We tried to find recordings by Leonard Cohen of these early works, but he had recorded only a few of them. We needed enough poems to fill 122 keys on the Wurlitzer.

We fantasized about asking Mr. Cohen if he would think about recording a large number of his early poems for us, but it seemed an enormous amount to ask of anyone, let alone a busy celebrity. We put that idea on the back burner while looking for other options, and then the unexpected happened: Leonard Cohen died at the age of eighty-two. We (along with millions around the world) mourned his loss. I sat and cried as I listened to his final, hauntingly beautiful album, *You Want it Darker*. So sad to say goodbye to someone I had admired for so long. Months passed. We collected old speakers. I worked on the piece in *Bidule*, building up a program that would do what we wanted it to do. We played with some of the early recordings made by the CBC and the NFB, and then Robert Kory, Leonard's manager, sent us a copy of the digital files of Cohen's recordings of *Book of Longing*, his poetry collection from 2006.

The first thing we heard from these recordings was Leonard's deep, bass voice reading the title of the book, the copyright and the dedication to Irving Layton. He moved in his chair, a plane went by in the background, he turned the page. We were struck by the intimacy of his voice and the sense of his presence, as if he were sitting right there in front of us. This was the perfect material for the piece: over 170 poems recorded in his home studio in Los Angeles.

The piece has grown. There are more speakers now than in Janet's drawing. I sit at the organ and I play poem after poem, Leonard's voice coming out of the speakers that surround me. Sometimes I collage them together, but mostly I like to hear each poem from start to finish. I've been listening to them for weeks now, doing the editing, looping and bouncing, and I never get tired of them. There is always something surprising that makes me think or makes me laugh. We knew that if we could get the piece to work, it would be a magical sound machine, but what we didn't realize was how it would become such an intimate portrait of Leonard Cohen. When you sit at the keyboard, you have an invisible archive before you of his thoughts, ideas and anecdotes. It's full of his black comedy, irony, self-deprecation, word mastery, wit and humour, and its all available with the touch of a key. G.B.M.







CAMBRIDGE, ONTARIO, 1974

LIVES AND WORKS IN MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC.

#### The Offerings, 2017

5-channel video installation, black and white and colour, sound, 35 min, looped

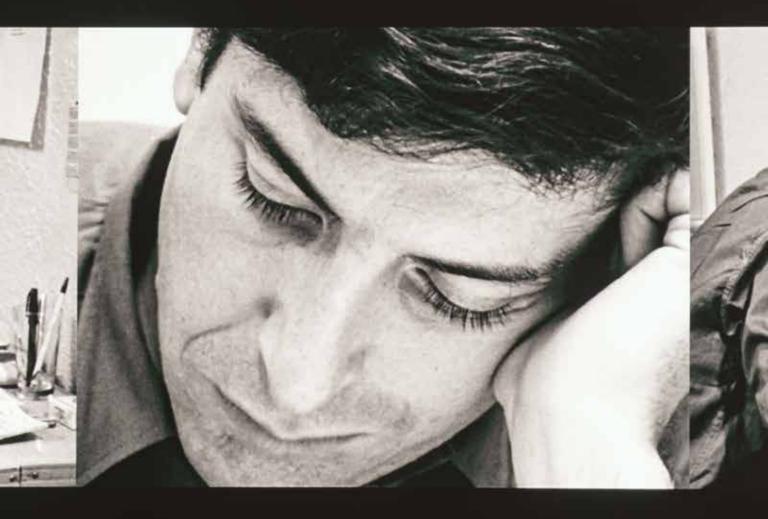
This multi-channel video projection forms an environment in which Leonard Cohen's voice and thoughts envelop and captivate the public. Through a series of shared personal, contemplative and reflective moments, visitors are invited to commune with images of Cohen, sourced from decades of archival material, that construct a composite portrait of the artist as he touches on a variety of subject matter and material. Responding to a series of questions in his own voice, Cohen's engaging thought process is revealed—one that is sensitive, humble and humorous, always considerate and never banal.

Kara Blake is a Montréal-based filmmaker whose creative projects range from short films and music videos to live performance visuals and installation pieces. Interested in fusing fact with fiction, and past with present, Blake often works with archival materials to construct new narratives that encourage a re-examination of the world around us. Her films have been shown internationally at festivals and venues including the Museum of Modern Art, New York, Telluride Film Festival, Colorado, CPH.DOX, Copenhagen, Bravo and the Independent Film Channel. My work as a filmmaker with an imagined previous life as an archivist mines vestiges of the past for unseen richness and meaning. For *The Offerings*, I immersed myself in a vast collection of Cohen-related archival materials including radio and television interviews, photographs and written documents. With a curator's sensibility, I sought out key moments of sound and image that crystallize the character of this revered creative thinker.

The Offerings provides a passage through Cohen's interior landscape, using his singular voice to engage visitors in an intimate conversation. Cohen muses on a variety of subjects, ranging from his personal writing practice to universal themes of love, humility and spirituality. These offerings issue from a life of observation and introspection, presenting Cohen in his own words and inviting guests into his contemplative world.

Inspired by Cohen's propensity to explore ideas from a variety of angles and continually revise his position, I use multiple screens to re-examine and re-contextualize familiar images of the artist throughout his career. In religious numerology, the number five often symbolizes harmony of body and spirit. Here, five screens are used to illuminate Cohen's lifelong investigation of the complex interplay between the mortal and the divine. *The Offerings* brings together some of the poet's most heartfelt, witty and thought-provoking insights; it is a memento of Cohen's perspective on what it means to be human. KB.

# Je viens d'écrire quelque chose de bon.





llantes, mais très rarement.



# CANDICE BREITZ

JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA, 1972 LIVES AND WORKS IN BERLIN, GERMANY.

## I'm Your Man

*(A Portrait of Leonard Cohen)*, 2017 Shot at the Phi Centre, Montréal, May-June 2017 19-channel video installation, colour, sound, 40 min 43 s, looped 18 suspended monitors and one single-screen projection Collection of the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

I'm Your Man (A Portrait of Leonard Cohen) brings together a community of ardent Leonard Cohen fans-each of whom has cherished Cohen's music for over half a century-to pay posthumous tribute to the late legend. Each of the eighteen individuals featured was offered the opportunity to perform and record his own version of Cohen's magnificent comeback album, I'm Your Man (1988), in a professional recording studio in Montréal. At Candice Breitz's invitation, the album's backing vocals have been sumptuously reinterpreted by the Shaar Hashomayim Synagogue Choir, an all-male choir representing the Westmount congregation that Cohen belonged to all his life. I'm Your Man is a tender farewell to a recently lost poet and musician, as well as a poignant celebration of late masculinity.

The work expands Breitz's ongoing anthropology of the fan. Earlier works in this series have included *Legend (A Portrait of Bob Marley)*, shot in Jamaica in 2005, and *Working Class Hero (A Portrait of John Lennon*), shot in Newcastle in 2006. Although these multi-channel portraits mimic the flow and duration of the original albums that they take as their templates, they specifically exclude the auratic voices and familiar musical arrangements of the original albums, such that the musical icon ultimately remains present only through the a cappella voices of a devout amateur collective.

Candice Breitz represented South Africa at the 2017 Venice Biennale. In recent years, solo exhibitions of her work have been presented at the San Francisco Museum of Modern Art, Kunstmuseum Stuttgart, the National Gallery of Canada, Kunsthaus Bregenz and the Louisiana Museum of Modern Art in Humlebaek, Denmark. Well, my friends are gone and my hair is grey I ache in the places where I used to play And I'm crazy for love but I'm not comin' on I'm just payin' my rent everyday in the Tower of Song

I said to Hank Williams "How lonely does it get?" Hank Williams hasn't answered yet But I hear him coughing all night long Oh, a hundred floors above me in the Tower of Song

I was born like this, I had no choice I was born with the gift of a golden voice And twenty-seven angels from the Great Beyond They tied me to this table right here in the Tower of Song

So you can stick your little pins in that voodoo doll I'm very sorry, baby, it doesn't look like me at all I'm standin' by the window where the light is strong Ah, they don't let a woman kill you, not in the Tower of Song

Now, you can say that I've grown bitter but of this you may be sure: The rich have got their channels in the bedrooms of the poor And there's a mighty Judgement comin' but I may be wrong You see, I hear these funny voices in the Tower of Song

I see you standin' on the other side I don't... How the river got so wide? I loved you, baby, way back when... And all the bridges are burnin' that we might've crossed But I feel so close to everything that we lost We'll never, we'll never have to lose it again

Now, I bid you farewell, I don't know when I'll be back They're movin' us tomorrow to the tower down the track But you'll be hearin' from me, baby, long after I'm gone I'll be speakin' to you sweetly from a window in the Tower of Song

Yeah, my friends are gone and my hair is grey I ache in the places where I used to play And I'm crazy for love but I'm not comin' on I'm just payin' my rent everyday in the Tower of Song

C.B., quoting Leonard Cohen, Tower of Song















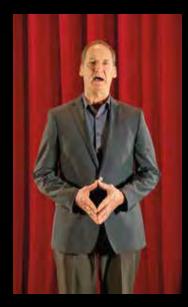




























# I'M YOUR MAN (1988)

Album – Lyrics

#### **FIRST WE TAKE MANHATTAN**

They sentenced me to twenty years of boredom For trying to change the system from within I'm coming now, I'm coming to reward them First we take Manhattan, then we take Berlin

I'm guided by a signal in the heavens I'm guided by this birthmark on my skin I'm guided by the beauty of our weapons First we take Manhattan, then we take Berlin

I'd really like to live beside you, baby I love your body and your spirit and your clothes But you see that line there moving through the station? I told you, I told you, I dud you, I was one of those

Ah you loved me as a loser, but now you're worried that I just might win You know the way to stop me, but you don't have the discipline How many nights I prayed for this, to let my work begin First we take Manhattan, then we take Berlin

I don't like your fashion business mister And I don't like these drugs that keep you thin I don't like what happened to my sister First we take Manhattan, then we take Berlin

I'd really like to live beside you, baby And I thank you for those items that you sent me The monkey and the plywood violin I practiced every night, now I'm ready First we take Manhattan, then we take Berlin

#### l am guided

Ah remember me, I used to live for music Remember me, I brought your groceries in Well it's Father's Day and everybody's wounded First we take Manhattan, then we take Berlin

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1986, 1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

#### **AIN'T NO CURE FOR LOVE**

I loved you for a long, long time I know this love is real It don't matter how it all went wrong That don't change the way I feel And I can't believe that time can heal this wound I'm speaking of There ain't no cure There ain't no cure There ain't no cure for love

I'm aching for you, baby I can't pretend I'm not I need to see you naked In your body and your thought I've got you like a habit and I'll never get enough There ain't no cure There ain't no cure There ain't no cure

There ain't no cure for love There ain't no cure for love All the rocket ships are climbing through the sky The holy books are open wide The doctors working day and night But they'll never ever find that cure for love There ain't no drink, no drug There's nothing pure enough to be a cure for love

I see you in the subway and I see you on the bus I see you lying down with me and I see you waking up I see your hand, I see your hair, your bracelets and your brush And I call to you, I call to you But I don't call soft enough There ain't no cure There ain't no cure There ain't no cure for Iove

I walked into this empty church –I had no place else to gowhen the sweetest voice I ever heard, came whispering to my soul I don't need to be forgiven for loving you so much It's written in the scriptures, it's written there in blood I even heard the angels declare it from above There ain't no cure

There ain't no cure There ain't no cure for love

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1986, 1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

#### EVERYBODY KNOW

Everybody knows that the dice are loaded Everybody rolls with their fingers crossed Everybody knows that the war is over Everybody knows the good guys lost Everybody knows the fight was fixed The poor stay poor, the rich get rich That's how it goes Everybody knows

Everybody knows that the boat is leaking Everybody knows that the captain lied Everybody got this broken feeling Like their father or their dog just died Everybody talking to their pockets Everybody wants a box of chocolates and a long stem rose Everybody knows

Everybody knows that you love me baby Everybody knows that you really do Everybody knows that you've been faithful, give or take a night or two Everybody knows you've been discreet, but there were so many people you just had to meet without your clothes And everybody knows

Everybody knows, everybody knows That's how it goes Everybody knows

Everybody knows, everybody knows That's how it goes Everybody knows

Everybody knows that it's now or never Everybody knows that it's me or you And everybody knows that you live forever, when you've done a line or two Everybody knows the deal is rotten: Old Black Joe's still pickin' cotton for your ribbons and bows And everybody knows

Everybody knows that the Plague is coming Everybody knows that it's moving fast Everybody knows that the naked man and woman are just a shining artifact of the past Everybody knows the scene is dead, but there's gonna be a meter on your bed that will disclose what everybody knows

Everybody knows that you're in trouble Everybody knows what you've been through, from the bloody cross on top of Calvary to the beach at Malibu Everybody knows it's coming apart. Take one last look at this Sacred Heart before it blows And everybody knows

Everybody knows, everybody knows That's how it goes Everybody knows

Oh everybody knows, everybody knows That's how it goes Everybody knows Everybody knows

Written by Leonard Cohen and Sharon Robinson ©1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Geffen and Robinhill Music / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

#### I'M YOUR MAN

If you want a lover, I'll do anything you ask me to And if you want another kind of love, I'll wear a mask for you If you want a partner, take my hand Or if you want to strike me down in anger, here I stand I'm your man

If you want a boxer, I will step into the ring for you And if you want a doctor, I'll examine every inch of you If you want a driver, climb inside Or if you want to take me for a ride, you know you can I'm your man.

Ah, the moon's too bright, the chain's too tight, the beast won't go to sleep I've been running through these promises to you that I made and I could not keep

Ah but a man never got a woman back, not by begging on his knees Or l'd crawi to you baby and l'd fall at your feet And l'd howl at your beauty like a dog in heat And l'd claw at your heart and l'd tear at your sheet l'd say please, please, l'm your man

And if you've got to sleep a moment on the road, I will steer for you And if you want to work the street alone I'll disappear for you If you want a father for your child, or only want to walk with me a while across the sand, I'm your man

If you want a lover, I'll do anything that you ask me to And if you want another kind of love I'll wear a mask for you

Written by Leonard Cohen ©1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / <u>Sony AT</u>V Music Publishing LLC

#### TAKE THIS WALTZ

Now in Vienna there's ten pretty women There's a shoulder where Death comes to cry There's a toby with nine hundred windows There's a tree where the doves go to die There's a piece that was torn from the morning And it hangs in the Gallery of Frost Ay, Ay, Ay, Ay Take this waltz, take this waltz Take this waltz with the clamp on its jaws

Oh I want you, I want you, I want you On a chair with a dead magazine In the cave at the tip of the lily In some hallways where love's never been On a bed where the moon has been sweating In a cry filled with footsteps and sand Ay, Ay, Ay, Ay Take this waltz, take this waltz Take its broken waist in your hand

This waltz, this waltz, this waltz, this waltz With its very own breath of brandy and Death Dragging its tail in the sea

There's a concert hall in Vienna Where your mouth had a thousand reviews There's a bar where the boys have stopped talking They've been sentenced to death by the blues Ah, but who is it climbs to your picture With a garland of freshly cut tears? Ay, Ay, Ay, Ay Take this waltz, take this waltz Take this waltz it's been dying for years

There's an attic where children are playing Where I've got to lie down with you soon In a dream of Hungarian lanterns In the mist of some sweet afternoon And I'll see what you've chained to your sorrow All your sheep and your lilies of snow Ay, Ay, Ay, Take this waltz, take this waltz With its "'I'll never forget you, you know!"

This waltz, this waltz, this waltz, this waltz With its very own breath of brandy and Death Dragging its tail in the sea

And I'll dance with you in Vienna I'll be wearing a river's disguise The hyacinth wild on my shoulder, My mouth on the dew of your thighs And I'll bury my soul in a scrapbook, With the photographs there, and the moss And I'll yield to the flood of your beauty My cheap violin and my cross And you'll carry me down on your dancing To the pools that you lift on your wrist Oh my love, Oh my love Take this waltz, take this waltz It's yours now. It's all that there is

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Written by Leonard Cohen, lyrics based on a poem by Federico Garcia Lorca ("Pequeño vals vienés" [Little Viennese Waltz]) © 1986, 1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

#### IAZZ POLICE

Can you tell me why the bells are ringing? Nothing's happened in a million years I've been sitting here since Wednesday morning Wednesday morning can't believe my ears

Jazz police are looking through my folders Jazz police are talking to my niece Jazz police have got their final orders Jazzer, drop your axe, it's Jazz police!

Jesus taken serious by the many Jesus taken joyous by a few Jazz police are paid by J. Paul Getty Jazzers paid by J. Paul Getty II

Jazz police I hear you calling Jazz police I feel so blue Jazz police I think I'm falling, I'm falling for you

Wild as any freedom loving racist I applaud the actions of the chief Tell me now oh beautiful and spacious Am I in trouble with the Jazz police?

Jazz police are looking through my folders

They will never understand our culture They'll never understand the Jazz police Jazz police are working for my mother Blood is thicker margarine than grease

Let me be somebody I admire Let me be that muscle down the street Stick another turtle on the fire Guys like me are mad for turtle meat

Jazz police I hear you calling Jazz police I feel so blue Jazz police I think I'm falling, I'm falling for you

Written by Leonard Cohen and Jeff Fisher ©1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

#### I CAN'T FORGE

I stumbled out of bed I got ready for the struggle I smoked a cigarette And I tightened up my gut I said this can't be me Must be my double And I can't forget, I can't forget <u>I can't forget but I don't remember what</u>

I'm burning up the road I'm heading down to Phoenix I got this old address Of someone that I knew It was high and fine and free Ah, you should have seen us And I can't forget, I can't forget I can't forget but I don't remember who

I'll be there today With a big bouquet of cactus I got this rig that runs on memories And I promise, cross my heart, They'll never catch us But if they do, just tell them it was me

Yeah I loved you all my life And that's how I want to end it The summer's almost gone The winter's tuning up Yeah, the summer's gone But a lot goes on forever And I can't forget, I can't forget I can't forget but I don't remember what

Written by Leonard Cohen ©1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

#### **TOWER OF SONG**

Well, my friends are gone and my hair is grey I ache in the places where I used to play And I'm crazy for love but I'm not comin' on I'm just payin' my rent everyday in the Tower of Song

I said to Hank Williams "How lonely does it get?" Hank Williams hasn't answered yet But I hear him coughing all night long Oh, a hundred floors above me in the Tower of Song

I was born like this, I had no choice I was born with the gift of a golden voice And twenty-seven angels from the Great Beyond, They tied me to this table right here in the Tower of Song

So you can stick your little pins in that voodoo doll I'm very sorry, baby, it doesn't look like me at all I'm standin' by the window where the light is strong Ah, they don't let a woman kill you, not in the Tower of Song

Now, you can say that I've grown bitter but of this you may be sure: The rich have got their channels in the bedrooms of the poor And there's a mighty Judgement comin' but I may be wrong You see, I hear these funny voices in the Tower of Song I see you standin' on the other side

I don't... How the river got so wide? I loved you, baby, way back when... And all the bridges are burnin' that we might've crossed But I feel so close to everything that we lost We'll never, we'll never have to lose it again

Now, I bid you farewell, I don't know when I'll be back They're movin' us tomorrow to the tower down the track But you'll be hearin' from me, baby, long after I'm gone I'll be speakin' to you sweetly from a window in the Tower of Song.

Yeah, my friends are gone and my hair is grey I ache in the places where I used to play And I'm crazy for love but I'm not comin' on I'm just payin' my rent everyday in the Tower of Song

Written by Leonard Cohen ©1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

# SHARON ROBINSON

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, 1958 LIVES AND WORKS IN LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

## Goodbye Stranger, 2017

Video-recorded musical performance, colour, sound, 5 min, looped

Sharon Robinson and Leonard Cohen shared a deep and extensive creative collaboration that lasted over thirty-five years. After Cohen passed away in November 2016, Robinson wrote *Goodbye Stranger*, a moving composition dedicated to her long-time artistic partner and friend. For this work she has collaborated with filmmaker Paula Walker to capture an intimate, stirring, live performance and tribute.

Sharon Robinson is a Grammy-winning songwriter, a recording artist and a producer. She has written songs for numerous artists, such as Patti LaBelle, Diana Ross, Roberta Flack and Aaron Neville. Robinson is best known for her work with Leonard Cohen, having toured extensively with him as a singer and having co-written some of his best-known songs, including *Everybody Knows, Waiting For the Miracle, Boogie Street* and *In My Secret Life*. Robinson produced and co-wrote his album, *Ten New Songs*, named one of the best albums of the decade by *Rolling Stone*. I first became captivated by Leonard Cohen's writing in 1979 when I was singing with him on the *Field Commander Cohen* tour. After intermission, Leonard would go out and do a couple of songs alone, with just his guitar. I sat in the dark on the stairs at stage right, transfixed by the haunting brilliance of *The Stranger Song*.

I've watched Leonard put pen to paper many times over the years, slowly and deliberately distilling so much of the human heart into every verse, every line, every letter. Now, in the deepest realms of the soul, where there is no sun, no gravity, no morning or night, his words are a compass, an anchor and a light.

In loss, music becomes a way of breathing, of saying things that can be said in no other way. It was in this breath that the song *Goodbye Stranger* came to me. I wrote it songwriter to songwriter, friend to friend, but feeling and hoping that I was also writing it for everyone with whom I share a love of Leonard's words.

The Stranger, untouchable in his tower of song, but with so much love in his heart, has departed, but his words, in their wisdom and luminous beauty, will live forever. S.R.

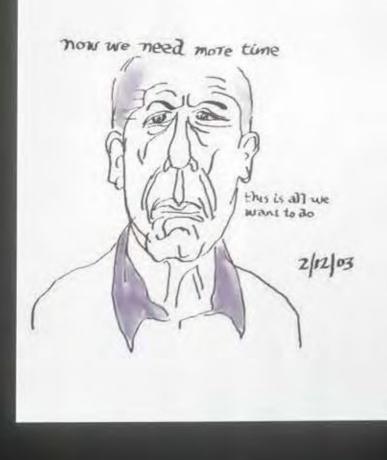


LEONARD COHEN MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC, 1934 – LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, 2016

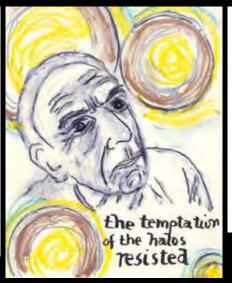
**Self-Portraits, 2003-2016**, 2017 Projection of 220 drawings documenting Leonard Cohen's self-portraits If there were no paintings in the world, Mine would be very important. Same with the songs. Since this is not the case, let us make haste to get in line, Well towards the back. Sometimes I would see a woman in a magazine Humiliated in the technicolour glare. I would try to establish her In happier circumstances. Sometimes a man. Sometimes living persons sat for me. May I say to them again: Thank you for coming to my room. I also loved the objects on the table Such as candlesticks and ashtrays And the table itself. From a mirror on my desk In the very early morning I copied down Hundreds of self-portraits Which reminded me of one thing or another. The Curator has called this exhibition Drawn to Words. I call my work

- If There Were No Paintings, Leonard Cohen, 2007

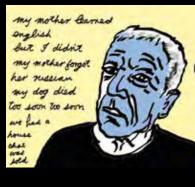
Acceptable Decorations.







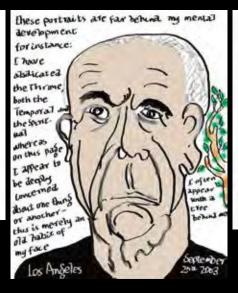
we are not convinced there has been any improvement





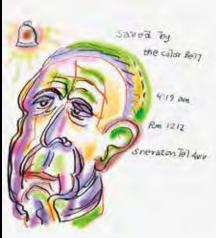


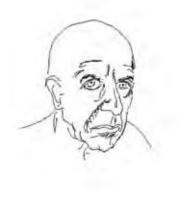




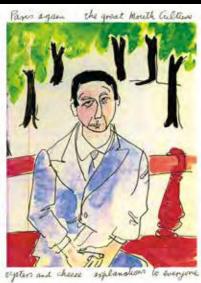


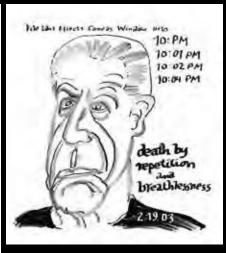
















one of those days, when the hat dozen't help



# **THE SANCHEZ BROTHERS**

CARLOS SANCHEZ: MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC, 1976 JASON SANCHEZ: MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC, 1981 COLLECTIVE FOUNDED IN 2000. BOTH LIVE AND WORK IN MONTRÉAL.

*I Think I Will Follow You Very Soon*, 2017 Holographic and mixed-media installation Reconstructed architectural environment, visual effects, hologram, sound

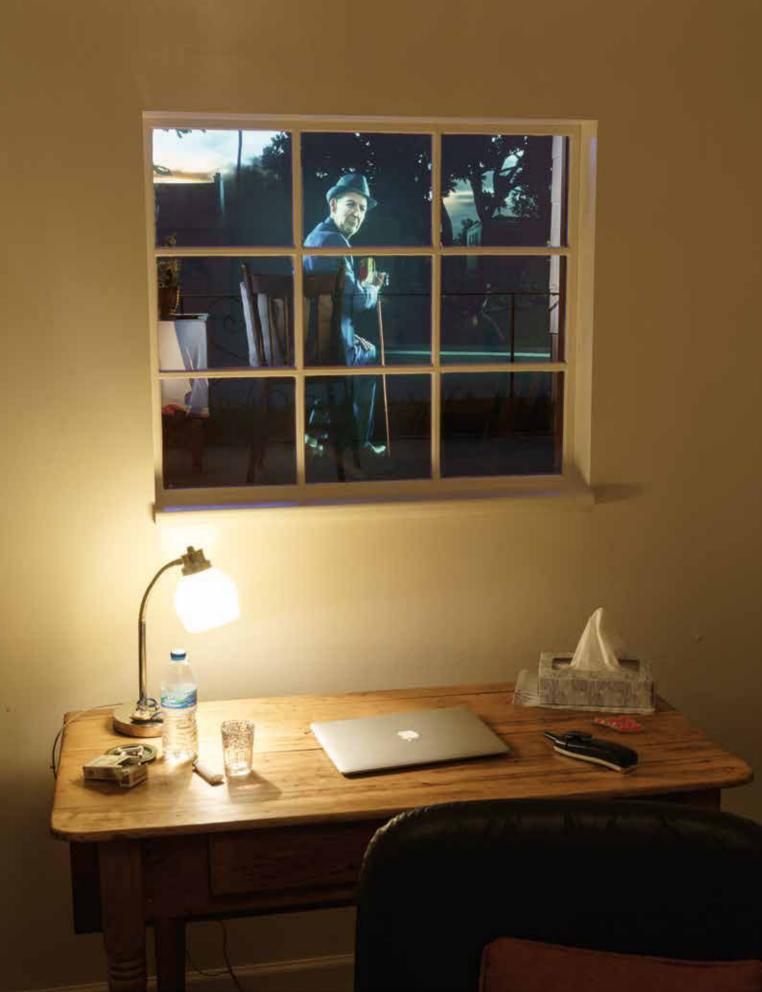
Inspired by a photograph of Leonard Cohen taken by his friend Dominique Issermann, the Sanchez brothers harness holographic spatial technology to enable visitors to share an intimate, meditative moment with Cohen. Entering a re-creation of a room in the singer's Los Angeles home and peering through a window, the visitor glimpses Cohen sitting quietly on his veranda, overlooking the view across the street. Drawing inspiration from "Pepper's ghost," a fairground illusion technique popularized by John Henry Pepper in 1862 and modernized with state-of-the-art video projection technology, the Sanchez brothers offer the visitor a brief, if not fleeting, moment in the presence of the poet.

Carlos and Jason Sanchez are Canadian photographers and filmmakers known for their largescale dramatic recreations. Their work centres thematically on the psychological and emotional states of their subjects, inviting the viewers, through self-analysis, to immerse themselves in the drama of the open-ended scenes. It has been the subject of solo exhibitions in North America and Europe. The Sanchez brothers have recently completed their first feature film, *Allure*. For over fifteen years, we've collaborated in various media, all of which are linked to storytelling. Beginning in 2001, we focused primarily on creating staged photographs in which the production of each image was similar to that of a film; we built sets in our studio, used actors, etc. Although we've never created a series of images, there's always been a common thematic thread that's woven throughout each work. Our images deal with the darker sides of our existence; they shine light onto unspoken topics, and focus on studying the psychological states of the people and spaces captured within our frames.

In 2006 we created an installation piece entitled *Between Life and Death.* This project was an exciting shift for us as we experimented with new techniques, primarily that of holographic video. The installation allowed us to fully submerse the viewers within our created world, and it was liberating to have the opportunity to push an idea in a different manner than we had been capable of in photography.

I Think I Will Follow You Very Soon will mark our second project in which we use holographic video technology. During our research we were deeply inspired and touched by one of the last photographs taken of Leonard by his long-time friend Dominique Issermann. This image solidified our intention of wanting to make a piece about the man and not the celebrity. The image, taken from inside his modest Los Angeles home, depicted Leonard on his front balcony staring out into the distance. Knowing that he had passed away two months after the picture was taken, we were drawn to contemplate what he might have been thinking in that moment. Was he satisfied with his life and legacy? Was he thinking about things he would have done differently? Or was he simply enjoying the warm L.A. breeze with nothing at all on his mind?

In our installation the public enters a re-creation of his home, walks into his study and watches Leonard through a window, projected as a three-dimensional ghostly figure, sitting on his balcony looking out at the suburban L.A. landscape before him. With this installation we offer viewers the opportunity to spend a quiet and intimate moment with the man behind the legend, a moment to reflect on Leonard's life and what he meant to all of us, and hopefully also a moment to reflect on our own lives. SB.













# JON RAFMAN

MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC, 1981 LIVES AND WORKS IN MONTRÉAL.

## Legendary Reality, 2017

21-seat sculptural theatre installation, video projection, colour, stereo sound, 15 min 45 s, looped

Legendary Reality is a science-fiction essay film that portrays the recollections of a solitary narrator imprisoned in his own mind. Using a non-linear structure that weaves together dreams and memory, Jon Rafman creates a stream-of-consciousness meditation on art, identity and time that draws on the work of Leonard Cohen. The film intercuts digitally processed found photos and 3D landscapes sourced from video games to tell the enigmatic voyage of one man's soul.

Jon Rafman uses video, photography, sculpture and installation to examine the place which technology holds in contemporary life. He draws inspiration from the Internet and video game culture, as well as from modernism and the alienating effects associated with some particularly obscure sub-cultures found within the substrata of the web. His work has been the subject of solo exhibitions at the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal (2015), the Zabludowicz Collection, London (2015), the Westfälischer Kunstverein, Munster (2016) and the Stedelijk Museum, Amsterdam (2016). It has also been featured in prominent international group exhibitions, including The Future of Memory, Kunsthalle Wien, Vienna (2015), Speculations on Anonymous Materials, Fridericianum, Kassel (2015), Biennale de Lyon (2015), Berlin Biennale 9 (2016) and Manifesta 11 (2016).

Both Leonard Cohen's work and my own can be inscribed in the literature of quest, autobiographical narratives and travel memoirs. We are dark romantics who explore to find the Other and to find ourselves. Today the self is seen to be in serious trouble, a fiction of dubious ontological status. The boundaries between order and chaos, of inner and outer, of separation and reunion are subverted.

The seeker in Legendary Reality, bandaged by silence, frozen from his creative juices, knows whom he must seek out. While acknowledging with T.S. Eliot that each attempt at writing is a raid on the inarticulate, Cohen adds a condition that was perhaps the most significant for me-that we must be able to embrace death and failure. This was the interpretation that I gave to the phrase "a crack in everything," and the honesty of this remark marked a breakthrough. I must destroy the versions of myself that provide too easy a solution, murder the selves that whisper untruths. The declared "real" world has been exposed as commodified, totally constructed, predigested and groundless, with no reference points in history, legacy or religion. Repentance and redemption used to be our spiritual tools, but these pathways have been ruined or abandoned. Here is only the war to recover what has been lost and found and lost again under conditions that seem more and more unfavourable.

Cohen and I both encounter the city with double identities and as rootless cosmopolites, characteristic of Jewish history; our experience and expression carry humour and irony, melancholy and loss. They are core features in Cohen's poetry as is the thin line between ethics and aesthetics in the search for truth. Recognizing these in my own work led me to recognize how Cohen has helped me find my voice as a Montréal Jew. I have tried to make the portrayal of the search for self as painful yet beautiful as the search for the poet. JR.









## CLARA FUREY PARIS, FRANCE, 1983 LIVES AND WORKS IN MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC.

### When Even The, 2017

Dance performance/installation Solo dance performance in the presence of the sculpture *Coaxial Planck Density* (1999) by Marc Quinn, with music, lighting effects and video installation

When Even The is a cycle of performances choreographed and performed by Clara Furey and inspired by the eponymous poem by Leonard Cohen. In this work, Furey engages in an existential reflection on memory, the passage of time and death—all major themes in Cohen's work.

In this, her first solo choreographed work, Furey abandons traditional performance spaces in favour of the space of the museum gallery, which encourages a more extreme breaking of the so-called "fourth wall"-an important motif in her work-and thus a more profound and intimate engagement with the public. Exploring the sensuality of the dead and the living, of non-permanence and non-existence, of the memory of physicality and touch, and the absence of the self, Furey places a mirror in front of our own human condition, one bound by ultimate mortality and the perishable state of being, offering us incarnations of our own finality, our own relationship to existence and disappearance.

Since 2012, after experimenting with several different art forms, including singing, music, film acting and dance, Clara Furey has focused on choreography. Exploring the boundary between the choreographed gesture and performance art, her poetry of movement is inscribed within an investigation of our deepest contradictions. She is interested in the mix of forms, languages and codes that compose a living work. It is Cohen's sincerity that I have chosen to be influenced by. His sincerity to admit he is distressed because he wants everything, his awareness of this sickness that most of us have today of never being satisfied and of not being in the present moment. He is aware that this is such a difficult task to address that it demands one's lifelong constant attention.

It is Cohen's lesson that beauty might appear after a long arduous process. Not beauty that appears out of nowhere, but beauty that is already there, under the layers and layers of accumulated "stuff" ready to be discovered when one "cleans."

It is Cohen's way of always trying to reach some kind of emptying that I am very much in conversation with in my work.

When Even The, situated in what we've called the "Meditation Room," is my way of getting closer to Cohen's Zen practice, which so deeply informed his life and work.

It attempts to be a crucible in which to cohabit with silence, simplicity, resonance and sincerity—a place where people can just sit in emptiness. This is the quintessential arsenal Cohen has handed down to me as an artist.

So I will dance for ninety minutes a day for ninety days, coexisting with his life. I am complicit, in solidarity with Cohen, sitting next to his language, standing by his constant play between saying a lot and saying nothing, knowing that language is everything, and acknowledging the limit of language.

I keep questioning every breath I take, every position I'm in, inspired by his search for the exact words to say what he had to say.  $_{\rm C.F.}$ 



CLARA FUREY with a work by

# **MARC QUINN**

LONDON, UNITED KINGDOM, 1964 LIVES AND WORKS IN LONDON.

## Coaxial Planck Density, 1999 Lead

Collection of the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

*Coaxial Planck Density* continues the artist's investigation of our relationship with our mortal bodies, and specifically with our sensibility to a death that has become commonplace. Made of solid lead, this casting of the artist's body seems to have caved in after it was removed from its mould. The flattened form resembles a heavy, empty skin anchored to the ground through the absence of a redemptive spirit or, snake-like, the lead moulting of a man who has shed his old skin and left it there.

A notable member of the "Young British Artists" and a central figure in contemporary British art, Marc Quinn examines the body's mutability over time, its physical presence in space and the anxiety it undergoes within our culture. His work explores the themes of mortality, beauty, kinship and the interplay of art and science, in a practice that is as existential and philosophical as it is artistic.











## TACITA DEAN

CANTERBURY, UNITED KINGDOM, 1965 LIVES AND WORKS IN LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, AND BERLIN, GERMANY.

#### Ear on a Worm, 2017

Single-screen film installation 16-mm colour film, sound, 3 min 33 s, looped

*Ear on a Worm* is a film projected high up on the wall. The title plays on the German expression *Ohrwurm* ("earworm"), which refers to a song or a catchy piece of music that continually repeats in one's head after it is no longer playing. The film shows a life-size bird, a house finch, sitting on a wire for 3 minutes and 28 seconds before flying off.

Tacita Dean's art is carried by a sense of history, time and place, light quality and the essence of film itself. The focus of her subtle but ambitious work is the truth of the moment, the film as a medium and the sensibilities of the individual. Dean was nominated for the Turner Prize in 1998 on the basis of her films, drawings, photographs, audio recordings and installations. She has since been awarded the DAAD scholarship and artist residency in Berlin (2000-2001), the Aachen Art Prize (2002), the Hugo Boss Prize (2006) and the Kurt Schwitters Prize (2009). She was an artist in residence at the Getty Research Institute (2014-2015), participated in dOCUMENTA (13) in 2012 and has participated in the Venice Biennale on several occasions.

An earworm is an expression borrowed from German: *Ohrworm*. It describes a song or tune that is stuck in one's head. Often they are the most wretched of tunes, generated unknowingly and adopted unwittingly. In this way, an earworm resembles doodling in its lapse of conscious control, because one is beguiled into humming not what one chooses but what one's brain chooses.

However, earworms can also be associative, in that they are not necessarily triggered aurally. Sometimes they happen through other means, through some other signifier. For example, in the months after my son was born, I had three consistent earworms. I don't know where they came from but when I sought to comfort my child, they were there: unbeautiful, ridiculous and unrecognizable ditties. I am not sure they even existed in the real world; they were internal compositions activated when I nursed my son. We called them "born songs."

A song is a rare form, because of the simplicity and directness with which it can move. It begins as air and travels as air, and then enters our heads like a contagion, as air. This is the songwriters' art and responsibility. It is both their gift and their gift back to us. Songs are bestowed with this direct route in. In this way, a song is more like a bird than a worm.

There is nowhere more private than inside one's own head. It is a prevailing silence of thinking that conceals all manner of riotous cacophony that might be circulating within it. Only inside one's own thoughts is there true privacy.

For years I have listened to music, especially when I draw. There are songs that are embedded deep within the sedimentary layers of my work, as well as lodged inside the private and silent vaults of my mind. A song, once it is set free to enter these internal spheres of our unique and collective universes, can never be taken away again; it becomes ours to keep. When a song lands on the neurological fibres in my brain, it is mine. TD.

## **DAILY TOUS LES JOURS**

INTERACTION DESIGN STUDIO FOUNDED IN MONTRÉAL, QUÉBEC, 2010

*I Heard There Was a Secret Chord*, 2017 Participatory audio installation Octagonal architectural environment, including microphones, speakers, transducers and digital display

I Heard There Was a Secret Chord is a participatory humming experience that reveals an invisible vibration uniting people around the world currently listening to Leonard Cohen's Hallelujah.

Real-time user data representing these listeners is transformed into a virtual choir of humming voices that participants can hum along with and feel the collective resonance. It is a scientific and spiritual experiment to highlight the metaphysical connection between people on a common wavelength. The project comprises a room and a website.

The room contains a simple numerical display of current online listeners, each represented by a humming voice in the space. Underfoot, these sounds are transformed into low-frequency vibrations as visitors start humming along. The website, asecretchord.com, operates as a one-song radio channel allowing people anywhere to tune into the same perpetually fluctuating choir of humming *Hallelujah* voices, and to connect to the Cohen universal magic.

Daily tous les jours creates large-scale, interactive installations driven by collective experiences. The design studio uses technology and storytelling to explore collaboration, the future of cities and the power of humans. It is best known for its work in public spaces, where passing crowds are invited to play a critical role in the transformation of their environment and their relationships. Daily tous les jours was co-founded by Melissa Mongiat and Mouna Andraos. Our work seeks to enhance the power of individuals coming together, exploring how people relate to one another and their surroundings. Our studio is continuously investigating new forms of storytelling to expand ideas of connection and community, as Cohen did with his poetry and music.

Revisiting Cohen's body of work, we kept returning to one basic question: why is *Hallelujah* so popular, in so many places around the world, with people from different backgrounds and from different generations? As we write this, a single version of the song's official video online has been viewed over ninety-nine million times by people across the planet. This ever-increasing number inspired us to expand our research into collective experiences to virtual space. It attests to Cohen's ability to make that leap from the personal to the universal that is so critical in our own practice as we strive to connect strangers to one another. The way he observes and questions the human condition reveals the power artistic works can hold when they succeed in tapping into the collective spirit.

Could some of Cohen's magic rub off on us somehow? Could it provide another layer from which to expand our own work? By spending enough time with this song, we hoped to learn from it and build on its affective qualities to discover new means of touching people.

I Heard There Was a Secret Chord is an homage to this universality. It celebrates the emotional thread that connects us as humans; it imagines a sense of unity through a transcendent experience. As it can be difficult to understand large numbers cognitively, we chose to embody the data (these millions of listeners) in a physical and emotional frame—both online and in the exhibition—that focused on the mystical experience of the song. Using humming instead of words, we hoped to amplify the song's ability to reach the core inside ourselves, transforming both real and networked space into magical, sensory, pulsating fields that transport people across the planet to a unique shared place—just as Cohen has been doing for decades. DILU.











## HALLELUJAH

Now I've heard there was a secret chord That David played, and it pleased the Lord But you don't really care for music, do you? It goes like this The fourth, the fifth The minor fall, the major lift The baffled king composing Hallelujah

Hallelujah Hallelujah Hallelujah Hallelujah Your faith was strong but you needed proof You saw her bathing on the roof Her beauty and the moonlight overthrew you She tied you To a kitchen chair She broke your throne, and she cut your hair And from your lips she drew the Hallelujah

Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah You say I took the name in vain I don't even know the name But if I did, well really, what's it to you? There's a blaze of light In every word It doesn't matter which you heard The holy or the broken Hallelujah

Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah I did my best, it wasn't much I couldn't feel, so I tried to touch I've told the truth, I didn't come to fool you And even though It all went wrong I'll stand before the Lord of Song With nothing on my tongue but Hallelujah

Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah, Hallelujah Hallelujah

## **ZACH RICHTER**

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, 1984 LIVES AND WORKS IN LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

#### **Hallelujah**, 2017 Virtual reality experience

Hallelujah is a virtual reality music experience that reimagines Leonard Cohen's universally acclaimed composition. The work is centred around a five-part a cappella arrangement, with each part sung in different vocal ranges by the arranger/composer, Bobby Halvorson. The experience is both composed and performed in the round with the viewer positioned in the centre. Hallelujah is the world's first VR music experience to be captured using Lytro Immerge, a light field cinema system that provides the viewer with a lifelike sense of presence and freedom in virtual reality. As the VR experience has been recorded using highly spatialized 360-degree binaural audio and video, visitors can experience and interact with the song in different ways by being able to physically move around the space and change their proximity to the performer.

Zach Richter is an award-winning filmmaker, creative director and graphic designer. He is best known for his work in virtual reality and interactive film combining interactive media, technology and storytelling. Richter's work has been shown at the Sundance, Tribeca and SXSW film festivals, and has been honoured with the highest awards in creativity and technology, including the Cannes Lions, the Webby Awards and the Clio Awards. Richter is currently the creative director of Within, a virtual reality company founded by Chris Milk and Aaron Koblin. What I've always been drawn to in Leonard Cohen's music is his masterful ability to author lyrics that explore ambiguity and the "essence of meaning" in our lives. His songs look past the obvious; they challenge us, allowing the exploration of something different in each of us.

To me, this is most apparent in *Hallelujah*, a song that has been reinterpreted and covered over the years by so many different artists in so many different ways. Any two people can have very different personal reactions to and interpretations of this piece of music. It is a song that can be heard at weddings and at funerals, a song that is both secular and religious, a song that is both grounded in humanity and is also incredibly spiritual. These juxtapositions are what I was most interested in exploring in my own personal perspective on this song, and in creating a visual interpretation of his work.

A cappella is a fifteenth-century style of music which translates from the Italian to "in the manner of the chapel." We explore this in the work by transporting viewers to the church using bleeding-edge camera and audio technology, in the hopes of creating something entirely new with a song so familiar to all, but seen through fresh eyes and ears in a beautiful, meditative way. Ultimately, I wanted to make something in which listeners could each find their own meaning, a new reason for them to experience hallelujah. Z.R.







JENNY HOLZER GALLIPOLIS, OHIO, 1950 LIVES AND WORKS IN NEW YORK.

*For Leonard Cohen*, 2017 Light projection Grain Silo No. 5, Old Port, Montréal, November 7 to 11, 2017

Jenny Holzer has projected light onto buildings and landscapes since the early 1990s, creating large-scale installations that seek to illuminate and reveal. Words chosen to comment on themes such as sex, war, power, fear, love and loss are set in motion in public spaces, at times in startling juxtapositions that evoke solitary and shared contemplation. Here, Holzer presents For Leonard Cohen, a series of mammoth projections on Grain Silo No. 5, one of Montréal's most iconic architectural structures. The installation features phrases from Cohen's poems and songs, projected in both French and English. The integration of Cohen's writing into Holzer's monumental work offers an alternative perspective on the author's words, a new way of experiencing his meanings and messages. In manifesting the relationship between the image and the written word, the language of Holzer's projections becomes, in the words of poet Henri Cole, "direct, open, unselfconscious, precise and human."

Jenny Holzer was the first woman to represent the United States at the Venice Biennale, where she won the Golden Lion in 1990 for best pavilion. Over the years, she has been honoured with many other awards, among them the World Economic Forum's Crystal Award in 1996 and the Barnard Medal of Distinction in 2011. She holds honorary degrees from Williams College, the Rhode Island School of Design, The New School and Smith College. Her work is in major museum collections around the world.

Leonard Cohen had versatility, plain speaking, dry wit and the unreal voice packed with rocks. Cohen came back from a Buddhist monastery to find good words and himself, and to make music despite hard times and disappointment. He was at his best singing, but wrote poetry and novels sometimes related to his lyrics. His melancholy, his romanticism, his refusal to let go of love or grievances, and his craft do the trick. A political poet-singer-"Democracy is coming to the USA" he croaked with doses of irony-and a writer who could remind listeners and readers of shared vulnerability-"like a bird on the wire"-Cohen lived wild and long, and travelled in song across pathos and lust. His songs are easy to remember. Cohen spawned fans and fan clubs, melting devotees. He worked diligently over decades, at points more in the spotlight, at others, less. He could hit home. J.H.

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## LISTENING TO LEONARD

Multimedia audio environment

In celebration of Leonard Cohen as a songwriter and recording artist, and in recognition of his vast catalogue of music produced over the past half-century, *Listening to Leonard* invites visitors to experience eighteen newly recorded covers of Cohen songs, produced, arranged and performed by a selected group of musicians and vocalists. FEIST Hey, That's No Way to Say Goodbye 3:23

HALF MOON RUN Suzanne 4:22

AURORA The Partisan 3:00

**DOUGLAS DARE** Dance Me to the End of Love 5:45

MÉLANIE DE BIASIO There For You 3:29

BRAD BARR Tower of Song 3:44

**LEIF VOLLEBEKK** Hey, That's No Way to Say Goodbye 3:21

DEAR CRIMINALS Anthem 5:11

ARIANE MOFFATT WITH THE ORCHESTRE SYMPHONIQUE DE MONTRÉAL Famous Blue Raincoat 9:08

**MOBY** Suzanne 5:57

JULIA HOLTER Take This Waltz 6:10

SOCALLED I'm Your Man 4:00

CHILLY GONZALES AND JARVIS COCKER WITH KAISER QUARTETT Paper Thin Hotel 4:47

#### THE NATIONAL

WITH SUFJAN STEVENS, RAGNAR KJARTANSSON AND RICHARD REED PARRY Memories 7:28

**BASIA BULAT** Dance Me to the End of Love 4:10

LITTLE SCREAM I Can't Forget 4:13

LI'L ANDY AND JOE GRASS Democracy 6:50

LOU DOILLON Famous Blue Raincoat 4:24





## FEIST

I chose this song so I could sing it quietly, almost as much inward as outward. That's what I loved about Leonard Cohen's rumination. I have always heard his songs as memories unspooling from a privacy I could sense was intact and deeply invested in. It makes me aspire to that kind of privacy, with songs acting as the cracks in the walls of those inner rooms.

#### Hey, That's No Way to Say Goodbye

I loved you in the morning Our kisses deep and warm Your hair upon the pillow Like a sleepy golden storm Yes, many loved before us I know that we are not new In city and in forest They smiled like me and you But now it's come to distances And both of us must try Your eyes are soft with sorrow Hey, that's no way to say goodbye

I'm not looking for another As I wander in my time Walk me to the corner Our steps will always rhyme You know my love goes with you As your love stays with me It's just the way it changes Like the shoreline and the sea But let's not talk of love or chains And things we can't untie Your eyes are soft with sorrow Hey, that's no way to say goodbye

I loved you in the morning Our kisses deep and warm Your hair upon the pillow Like a sleepy golden storm Yes many loved before us I know that we are not new In city and in forest They smiled like me and you But let's not talk of love or chains And things we can't untie Your eyes are soft with sorrow Hey, that's no way to say goodbye

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1967 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

Produced by Feist and Renaud Letang Engineered by Thomas Moulin Arranged by Leslie Feist with additional vocal arrangement by Daniela Gesundheit Mastered by Mandy Parnell

## HALF MOON RUN

Considering the work of Leonard Cohen, one can get a better understanding of the very function of the artist. His art is essential. It shines a light into dark corners of our collective human soul. It gives a magical spark of hope that perhaps life can be more transcendently beautiful than you can even imagine. He speaks to the poet inside all of us, and reinforces our life with meaning. He is a true heir to a set of traditions that are as old as articulated speech—a master of song, verse and narrative. One gets the sense that he could have been born in any century, and still his voice would have found a way to cut through to communicate with and illuminate those around him. It is an honour to pay tribute to the timeless soul of Leonard Cohen.

#### Suzanne

Suzanne takes you down to her place near the river You can hear the boats go by You can spend the night beside her And you know that she's half crazy But that's why you want to be there And she feeds you tea and oranges That come all the way from China And just when you mean to tell her That you have no love to give her Then she gets you on her wavelength And she lets the river answer That you've always been her lover And you want to travel with her And you want to travel blind And you know that she will trust you For you've touched her perfect body with your mind And Jesus was a sailor When he walked upon the water And he spent a long time watching From his lonely wooden tower And when he knew for certain Only drowning men could see him He said "All men will be sailors then Until the sea shall free them" But he himself was broken Long before the sky would open Forsaken, almost human He sank beneath your wisdom like a stone And you want to travel with him And you want to travel blind And you think maybe you'll trust him For he's touched your perfect body with his mind Now Suzanne takes your hand And she leads you to the river She is wearing rags and feathers From Salvation Army counters And the sun pours down like honey On our lady of the harbour And she shows you where to look Among the garbage and the flowers There are heroes in the seaweed There are children in the morning They are leaning out for love And they will lean that way forever While Suzanne holds the mirror And you want to travel with her And you want to travel blind And you know that you can trust her For she's touched your perfect body with her mind

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1967 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

## AURORA

The love of Leonard Cohen, and an explanation of why

When I was little I loved to run in the rain... and if it rained, as I was walking home from school, it usually took me thirty minutes longer. I remember my mother understanding the magic in it, but also constantly trying to explain to me the risk of getting ill. And every time I changed out of my wet clothes, getting quite cold, my mother put on "Leonard Cohen" in the background. It made me really fall in love with the rain, and autumn. And being cold and wet knowing you'll soon get dry and warm again. The calmness his songs gave my heart and mind, I haven't felt from any other music since.

It also makes me calm to know that his music will always remind me of being a child, of a warm home and a warm mother, if I ever find myself without both. It gives me the feeling I can't truly lose anything, as long as I have these songs to remind me of them. Two of Mr. Cohen's songs have always found their way into my skin, built little warm places in my veins and felt home in me: *Suzanne* and *The Partisan*. There is something in the melody and nerve that explains to you what the song is about without even knowing the words. I knew it a long time before I could speak English. I felt it. I've always cherished songs that could communicate with humans on several levels. Not only with words, melodies and rhythms, but also energy, pain, happiness and in ways you can't even make sense of yourself.

Words are power. And I'm very glad and grateful that there are people in this world that can remind us of that. It inspired me a lot in the beginning of my little career as a musician, to choose my words with care. And not waste space in people's minds. Fill music with beautiful information, whatever that information might be. If it's in the words, in a melody, or in the silence. All equally important. Cohen was a part of teaching me that.

Leonard Cohen will always be a very beautiful mark on human history, a mark that started when he was born but didn't end when he went away.

#### **The Partisan**

When they poured across the border I was cautioned to surrender, This I could not do I took my gun and vanished

I have changed my name so often I've lost my wife and children But I have many friends And some of them are with me

An old woman gave us shelter Kept us hidden in the garret Then the soldiers came She died without a whisper

There were three of us this morning I'm the only one this evening But I must go on The frontiers are my prison

Oh, the wind, the wind is blowing Through the graves the wind is blowing Freedom soon will come Then we'll come from the shadows

Les Allemands étaient chez moi Ils me dirent : «Résigne-toi!» Mais je n'ai pas peur J'ai repris mon arme

J'ai changé cent fois de nom J'ai perdu femme et enfants Mais j'ai tant d'amis J'ai la France entière

Un vieil homme dans un grenier Pour la nuit nous a cachés Les Allemands l'ont pris Il est mort sans surprise

Oh, the wind, the wind is blowing Through the graves the wind is blowing Freedom soon will come Then we'll come from the shadows

Original French version (*La Complainte du partisan*) written by Emmanuel D'Astier de la Vigerie and Anna Marly Adapted by Leonard Cohen and Hy Zaret © 1969 Universal Music Publishing Group

## **DOUGLAS DARE**

My introduction to Leonard Cohen wasn't through hearing his records or reading his poetry, but rather playing his songs on our old upright piano from sheets in my mother's songbooks. I would have been around nine or ten at the time, and Suzanne, Dance Me to the End of Love and Hallelujah were my favourites to play and sing. Since I had not yet experienced Cohen's originals, my interpretations turned out to be quite different. Years later, after being exposed to his recorded work, I was able to appreciate the music in the same way someone might first read a novel and later see the film adaptation. I feel extremely lucky to have made my own connection with these songs before ever hearing Leonard's versions. This is why the opportunity to reinterpret a piece from the catalogue resonated with me so greatly. Cohen's work has always said to me, "here's a story, but it's not mine to keep, you can take it and do with it what you will."

My recording of *Dance Me to the End of Love* is inspired by how I first played it when I was young but even more prominently from what I learned reading interviews with Cohen. He talked about the string quartets that were forced to play as their loved ones died in the concentration camps of WWII, and with respect I felt compelled to reflect this harrowing image in my interpretation of the song.

I thank Leonard Cohen and the museum for allowing me the opportunity.

#### Dance Me to the End of Love

Dance me to your beauty With a burning violin Dance me through the panic Till I'm gathered safely in Lift me like an olive branch And be my homeward dove Dance me to the end of love

Let me see your beauty When the witnesses are gone Let me feel you moving Like they do in Babylon Show me slowly what I only Know the limits of Dance me to the end of love

Dance me to the wedding now Dance me on and on Dance me very tenderly and Dance me very long We're both of us beneath our love We're both of us above Dance me to the end of love

Dance me to the children Who are asking to be born Dance me through the curtains That our kisses have outworn Raise a tent of shelter now Though every thread is torn Dance me to the end of love

Written by Leonard Cohen

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# **MÉLANIE DE BIASIO**

My most intimate relationship is with Leonard Cohen's written work *Book of Longing* and the wonderful collection *Stranger Music: Selected Poems and Songs*.

I turn to Leonard Cohen's work when I need to release myself to my heart. He opens so many doors. *There For You* is an example of this.

My connection to Leonard Cohen has many facets. His visions of purity, his humility, his vitality and curiosity, his quest to discover the boundaries of his fears, his ability to embrace this darkness, his commitments to love and to life, his attempts to understand the tiniest detail and be in service to it and in service to the universal. In other words, his dialogue of understanding with God. So many of his works are prayers.

Participating in this tribute is my humble, modest and incomplete way of thanking Leonard Cohen for opening my heart.

#### There For You

When it all went down And the pain came through I get it now I was there for you

Don't ask me how I know it's true I get it now I was there for you

I make my plans Like I always do But when I look back I was there for you

I walk the streets Like I used to do And I freeze with fear But I'm there for you

I see my life In full review It was never me It was always you

You sent me here You sent me there Breaking things I can't repair

Making objects Out of thoughts Making more By thinking not

Eating food And drinking wine A body that I thought was mine

Dressed as Arab Dressed as Jew O mask of iron I was there for you

Moods of glory Moods so foul The world comes through A bloody towel

And death is old But it's always new I freeze with fear And I'm there for you

I see it clear I always knew It was never me I was there for you

I was there for you My darling one And by your law It all was done

#### -

Written by Leonard Cohen and Sharon Robinson © 2004 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

Music: Mélanie De Biasio and Pascal Paulus Flute and vocals: Mélanie De Biasio Hohner Clavinet, synthesizers, piano, drums and beats: Pascal Paulus Recorded and mixed by Pascal Paulus at ElectricWomanStudios, Brussels Mastered at Sunny Side Inc. Brussels

## **BRAD BARR**

One of the virtues of a great songwriter is to populate the world with songs that other people want to sing. Even more unique is to populate the world with songs that other people can *reinterpret* and somehow make their own. Leonard was particularly good at this, as his songs retain the characteristics of the clay he used to mould them. Complete, but openended. I am happy to live in a time when such an artist's music is available to me to learn from, to grow into and to reinterpret to whatever end.

I chose *Tower of Song* because it was the inspiration behind one of my own songs, a collaboration with my friend Nathan Moore called *I Know I Know*. I based it on the *Tower of Song* meter and progression. I introduced my arrangement back into Leonard's song in a sort of full-circle allegory.

#### **Tower of Song**

Well, my friends are gone and my hair is grey I ache in the places where I used to play And I'm crazy for love but I'm not comin' on I'm just payin' my rent everyday in the Tower of Song

I said to Hank Williams "How lonely does it get?" Hank Williams hasn't answered yet But I hear him coughing all night long Oh, a hundred floors above me in the Tower of Song

I was born like this, I had no choice I was born with the gift of a golden voice And twenty-seven angels from the Great Beyond They tied me to this table right here in the Tower of Song

So you can stick your little pins in that voodoo doll I'm very sorry, baby, it doesn't look like me at all I'm standin' by the window where the light is strong Ah, they don't let a woman kill you, not in the Tower of Song

Now, you can say that I've grown bitter but of this you may be sure: The rich have got their channels in the bedrooms of the poor And there's a mighty Judgement comin' but I may be wrong You see, I hear these funny voices in the Tower of Song

I see you standin' on the other side I don't... How the river got so wide? I loved you, baby, way back when... And all the bridges are burnin' that we might've crossed But I feel so close to everything that we lost We'll never, we'll never have to lose it again

Now, I bid you farewell, I don't know when I'll be back They're movin' us tomorrow to the tower down the track But you'll be hearin' from me, baby, long after I'm gone I'll be speakin' to you sweetly from a window in the Tower of Song

Yeah, my friends are gone and my hair is grey I ache in the places where I used to play And I'm crazy for love but I'm not comin' on I'm just payin' my rent everyday in the Tower of Song

## LEIF VOLLEBEKK

When you listen to Leonard Cohen, you live inside his voice. And it gives you all the advice you eventually take.

#### Hey, That's No Way to Say Goodbye

I loved you in the morning Our kisses deep and warm Your hair upon the pillow Like a sleepy golden storm Yes, many loved before us I know that we are not new In city and in forest They smiled like me and you But now it's come to distances And both of us must try Your eyes are soft with sorrow Hey, that's no way to say goodbye

I'm not looking for another As I wander in my time Walk me to the corner Our steps will always rhyme You know my love goes with you As your love stays with me It's just the way it changes Like the shoreline and the sea But let's not talk of love or chains And things we can't untie Your eyes are soft with sorrow Hey, that's no way to say goodbye

I loved you in the morning Our kisses deep and warm Your hair upon the pillow Like a sleepy golden storm Yes many loved before us I know that we are not new In city and in forest They smiled like me and you But let's not talk of love or chains And things we can't untie Your eyes are soft with sorrow Hey, that's no way to say goodbye

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1967 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

## **DEAR CRIMINALS**

Great artists like Cohen leave a profound mark on the imagination, creating a kind of timeless nostalgia, as if they were able to reveal memories, even to the person who was discovering them for the first time. Also, while he was always rooted in reality, Cohen taught us to transcend meaning by using, in music, a poetry that is sometimes so close to painting, a literature that plays with shapes, colours and their resonances to create impressions, images.

For all these reasons, and because his creative output is so personal, we initially found it a bit daunting to pay tribute to him. So we approached his work with humility. Before all else, we wanted to convey our love of the great man's words, which were at once soft, potent and significant.

These words have become an instrument in themselves, one whose music, for us, was merely a score to be followed. The melody of the song *Anthem* is disarmingly simple and lovely. And since the power of a melody lies in the fact that it can be rearranged in many different ways, we found ourselves in the midst of a gigantic sandbox.

Faced with so many possibilities, it seemed obvious to us that we should wrap it sparingly, as minimally as possible, in order to let the words breathe, give free rein to the interpretation. A very modest attempt to fix the timeless for a few instants. "There is a crack in everything. That's how the light gets in."

#### Anthem

The birds they sang At the break of day Start again I heard them say Don't dwell on what Has passed away Or what is yet to be Yeah the wars they will Be fought again The holv dove She will be caught again Bought and sold And bought again The dove is never free Ring the bells that still can ring Forget your perfect offering There is a crack in everything That's how the light gets in We asked for signs The signs were sent The birth betrayed The marriage spent The widowhood Of every government Signs for all to see I can't run no more With that lawless crowd While the killers in high places Say their prayers out loud But they've summoned up A thundercloud And they're going to hear from me Ring the bells that still can ring Forget your perfect offering There is a crack in everything That's how the light gets in You can add up the parts You won't have the sum You can strike up the march There is no drum Every heart, every heart to love will come But like a refugee Ring the bells that still can ring Forget your perfect offering There is a crack in everything

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1992 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

## **ARIANE MOFFATT**

# WITH THE ORCHESTRE SYMPHONIQUE DE MONTRÉAL

The opening is meant to be mystical. The sound produced by the keyboard suggests a church organ, and the voices held in its reverberation replace—for this reinterpretation—the poet's legendary nylon string guitar.

You have to do something original.

On fingertips, setting out along the long hallway with glitchy walls, with the voice of the original *Famous Blue Raincoat* as my raw material. Bringing in and out as I please Simon Leclerc's arrangement—performed by the OSM—which I've taken the time to carefully rework.

Thank you to the OSM for this precious gift. I am aware and appreciative of its value.

Rhythmically, moving back and forth between the ternary and the binary while guarding the song's mysterious narrative.

Constantly asking myself whether the arrangement is organic enough... feeling Leonard's intrigued presence over my shoulder that's keeping the beat.

Changing course momentarily for a new section that to me feels epic and liberating. A kind of taking flight, or ultimate love song.

Completing the journey in an atmosphere of calm chaos. Improvising on the piano, so that the raw material breaks down, producing an end-of-life noise as the sounds decay.

As a final mantra, the "Sincerely, L. Cohen" which we rightly hang on to. Realizing in the darkness of the studio that the piece is nearly ten minutes long...

And that the exercise was utterly life-saving.

#### **Famous Blue Raincoat**

It's four in the morning, the end of December I'm writing you now just to see if you're better New York is cold but I like where I'm living There's music on Clinton Street all though the evening I hear that you're building your little house deep in the desert You're living for nothing now I hope you're keeping some kind of record Yes, and Jane came by with a lock of your hair She said that you gave it to her The night that you planned to go clear Did you ever go clear? The last time we saw you you looked so much older Your famous blue raincoat was torn at the shoulder You'd been to the station to meet every train but then you came home without Lili Marlene And you treated my woman to a flake of your life And when she came back she was nobody's wife I see you there with a rose in your teeth One more thin gypsy thief Well, I see Jane's awake She sends her regards And what can I tell you my brother my killer? What can I possibly say? I guess that I miss you I guess I forgive you I'm glad that you stood in my way If you ever come by here for Jane or for me I want you to know that your enemy is sleeping I want you to know that his woman is free Yes, and thanks for the trouble you took from her eyes I thought it was there for good, so I never tried And Jane came by with a lock of your hair She said that you gave it to her that night that you planned to go clear

Sincerely, L. Cohen

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1971 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

## MOBY

One of my earliest memories is my mom playing piano and singing *Suzanne*. Until I was four or five years old I just assumed it was a song she had written. So even though I was briefly crestfallen to find out that my mom didn't write *Suzanne* it's still my favourite of Leonard's songs.

#### Suzanne

Suzanne takes you down to her place near the river You can hear the boats go by You can spend the night beside her And you know that she's half crazy But that's why you want to be there And she feeds you tea and oranges That come all the way from China And just when you mean to tell her That you have no love to give her Then she gets you on her wavelength And she lets the river answer That you've always been her lover And you want to travel with her And you want to travel blind And you know that she will trust you For you've touched her perfect body with your mind And Jesus was a sailor When he walked upon the water And he spent a long time watching From his lonely wooden tower And when he knew for certain Only drowning men could see him He said "All men will be sailors then Until the sea shall free them" But he himself was broken Long before the sky would open Forsaken, almost human He sank beneath your wisdom like a stone And you want to travel with him And you want to travel blind And you think maybe you'll trust him For he's touched your perfect body with his mind Now Suzanne takes your hand And she leads you to the river She is wearing rags and feathers From Salvation Army counters And the sun pours down like honey On our lady of the harbour And she shows you where to look Among the garbage and the flowers There are heroes in the seaweed There are children in the morning They are leaning out for love And they will lean that way forever While Suzanne holds the mirror And you want to travel with her And you want to travel blind And you know that you can trust her For she's touched your perfect body with her mind

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1967 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

## **JULIA HOLTER**

#### Translating Cohen

My first experience of Leonard Cohen was my dad playing First We Take Manhattan on guitar, when I was a kid. "He's a poet, he's different," my dad would say. It's true the words he was singing were more elusive to a child than those of the other songs my dad would play, like by the Byrds or even Bob Dylan. The words were that kind that somehow work but don't "make sense" at the same time, and that he was put in this weirdo "poet" box in my mind may have intimidated me before I became more aware of Cohen's music, although I found the mystery of the phrases I initially heard weirdly welcoming. Without being too dramatic about it, upon reflection, I do think my dad playing Cohen's music on guitar may have been one of the first realizations I had of the truth that hides in abstraction-that the madness we experience in our heads can be the building blocks of beauty and understanding. Of course, most interesting art can potentially do this for young people, but I guess for me it might have been those nights listening to my dad playing Cohen.

His songs function in a different way than a lot of popular music, and yet they are celebrated all over the world. He has many whispers, often accompanied by otherworldly women's hums, alongside soaring melodies, and uses incongruous but familiar imagery. I can see it as a kind of healing music—we need the reassurance that the ordinariness of our day-to-day lives has a beauty, in a world that is usually so goal-oriented. The music has a quiet acknowledgment of the feeling behind the simple things like "tea and oranges" or "blue raincoats," maybe a spirituality for some. I think it is his playful, humble approach to writing, as found in this famous quote of his, that allows for the magic: "It's like a bear stumbling into a beehive or a honey cache: I'm stumbling right into it and getting stuck, and it's delicious and it's horrible and I'm in it and it's not very graceful and it's very awkward and it's very painful and yet there's something inevitable about it."

Take This Waltz has a dementedly seductive vibe and I wanted to "translate" it in my own way. Cohen's text is a loose translation of a poem by Federico García Lorca, whose work also tends to feature surreal symbolic imagery. I feel more in touch with this play on ¾ time than, say, with Ravel's "La Valse." I like the fragility and creepiness here: the song dances playfully through some painful kinds of longing and human desperation.

I like to think that art is always some kind of a "translation"—in Take This Waltz, Cohen is telling someone else's story in a Cohen form, and in other songs of his, maybe there are translations of experiences he had in the world, or conversations, or visual art, or other writings. All the recordings he made have a loving mystery that allows them to be appreciated and further translated by a world in growing need of a softer yet resonant, more subtle beauty.

#### Take This Waltz (after Federico García Lorca)

Now in Vienna there's ten pretty women There's a shoulder where Death comes to cry There's a lobby with nine hundred windows There's a tree where the doves go to die There's a piece that was torn from the morning And it hangs in the Gallery of Frost Ay, Ay, Ay, Ay Take this waltz, take this waltz

Take this waltz with the clamp on its jaws

Oh I want you, I want you, I want you On a chair with a dead magazine In the cave at the tip of the lily In some hallways where love's never been On a bed where the moon has been sweating In a cry filled with footsteps and sand Ay, Ay, Ay, Ay Take this waltz, take this waltz Take its broken waist in your hand

This waltz, this waltz, this waltz, this waltz With its very own breath of brandy and Death Dragging its tail in the sea

There's a concert hall in Vienna Where your mouth had a thousand reviews There's a bar where the boys have stopped talking They've been sentenced to death by the blues Ah, but who is it climbs to your picture With a garland of freshly cut tears? Ay, Ay, Ay, Ay Take this waltz, take this waltz Take this waltz it's been dying for years

There's an attic where children are playing Where I've got to lie down with you soon In a dream of Hungarian lanterns In the mist of some sweet afternoon And I'll see what you've chained to your sorrow All your sheep and your lilies of snow Ay, Ay, Ay, Ay Take this waltz, take this waltz With its "I'll never forget you, you know!"

This waltz, this waltz, this waltz, this waltz With its very own breath of brandy and Death Dragging its tail in the sea

And I'll dance with you in Vienna I'll be wearing a river's disguise The hyacinth wild on my shoulder, My mouth on the dew of your thighs And I'll bury my soul in a scrapbook, With the photographs there, and the moss And I'll yield to the flood of your beauty My cheap violin and my cross And you'll carry me down on your dancing To the pools that you lift on your wrist Oh my love, Oh my love Take this waltz, take this waltz It's yours now. It's all that there is

Written by Leonard Cohen, lyrics based on a poem by Federico García Lorca ("Pequeño vals vienés" [Little Viennese Waltz]) © 1986, 1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

Performed, recorded and produced by Julia Holter Includes field recordings made by Julia Holter on Hydra, the Greek island where Cohen lived and spent much time throughout his life.

## SOCALLED

What an honour to be a part of this active, creative, living celebration of the words and music of Leonard Cohen. I rarely sing in English: most of the texts that I sing are in Yiddish, a language of my culture that I do not speak fluently. But for some reason, I found my "voice" singing in this lost language of my ancestors. This is the second time I've tried to present a Leonard Cohen song, and once again I must say Cohen's text just feels so right: his words feel eminently singable and relatable to me. I feel his passion, his despair, his hope, his courage in every word: his poetry speaks to my past and my present. His composed melodies also feel familiar, as if they contain the echo of that Yiddish world that I have dedicated so much energy to re-creating, re-discovering, re-learning. In order for me to perform something, I have to make it make sense to me, it has to come through me, to pass freely, honestly through my body and soul, transformed and processed by my brain and breath. In order to be true to myself, to be my own man, to be YOUR man, I did switch one word in the text, did you hear it?

#### I'm Your Man

If you want a lover I'll do anything you ask me to And if you want another kind of love I'll wear a mask for you If you want a partner take my hand Or if you want to strike me down in anger here I stand I'm your man

If you want a boxer I will step into the ring for you And if you want a doctor I'll examine every inch of you If you want a driver climb inside Or if you want to take me for a ride you know you can I'm your man

Ah, the moon's too bright the chain's too tight the beast won't go to sleep I've been running through these promises to you that I made and I could not keep

Ah but a man never got a woman back not by begging on his knees Or I'd crawl to you baby and I'd fall at your feet And I'd howl at your beauty like a dog in heat And I'd claw at your heart and I'd tear at your sheet I'd say please, please I'm your man

And if you've got to sleep a moment on the road I will steer for you And if you want to work the street alone I'll disappear for you If you want a father for your child or only want to walk with me a while across the sand I'm your man

If you want a lover, I'll do anything that you ask me to And if you want another kind of love I'll wear a mask for you

Written by Leonard Cohen ©1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

## **CHILLY GONZALES AND JARVIS COCKER**

## WITH KAISER QUARTETT

Paper Thin Hotel is Leonard Cohen's lesser-known hotel song. He remembered her well at the Chelsea Hotel, but on Paper Thin Hotel, he remembers something more traumatic—a journey through sad denial, self-delusion and resigned acceptance.

Jarvis Cocker and I were searching for an appropriate encore after performing our hotel-themed song cycle *Room 29*. After rejecting *Hotel California*, it seemed fitting to turn to my fellow Montrealer for inspiration. I confess that I didn't know the *Death of a Ladies' Man* album very well, but Jarvis suggested *Paper Thin Hotel*, and its Phil Spector-produced wall of sound lent itself perfectly to our chamber-pop aesthetic.

#### Paper Thin Hotel

The walls of this hotel are paper-thin Last night I heard you making love to him The struggle mouth to mouth and limb to limb The grunt of unity when he came in

I stood there with my ear against the wall I was not seized by jealousy at all In fact a burden lifted from my soul I heard that love was out of my control A heavy burden lifted from my soul I learned that love was out of my control

I listened to your kisses at the door I never heard the world so clear before You ran your bath and you began to sing I felt so good I couldn't feel a thing

I stood there with my ear against the wall I was not seized by jealousy at all In fact a burden lifted from my soul I heard that love was out of my control A heavy burden lifted from my soul I learned that love was out of my control

And I can't wait to tell you to your face And I can't wait for you to take my place You are the naked angel in my heart You are the woman with her legs apart

It's written on the walls of this hotel You go to heaven once you've been to hell

A heavy burden lifted from my soul I heard that love was out of my control

Written by Leonard Cohen and Phil Spector © 1977 EMI Music Publishing, Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

Kaiser Quartett: Cello: Martin Bentz Violin: Adam Zolynski Violin: Jansen Folkers Viola: Ingmar Süberkrüb

Produced and mixed by Renaud Letang

## THE NATIONAL

WITH SUFJAN STEVENS RAGNAR KJARTANSSON AND RICHARD REED PARRY

### **Memories**

Frankie Lane, he was singing Jezebel I pinned an Iron Cross to my lapel I walked up to the tallest and the blondest girl I said, Look, you don't know me now but very soon you will So won't you let me see I said "won't you let me see" I said "won't you let me see Your naked body?"

Just dance me to the dark side of the gym Chances are I'll let you do most anything I know you're hungry, I can hear it in your voice And there are many parts of me to touch, you have your choice Ah but no you cannot see She said "no you cannot see" She said "no you cannot see My naked body"

So We're dancing close, the band is playing Stardust Balloons and paper streamers floating down on us She says, You've got a minute left to fall in love In solemn moments such as this I have put my trust And all my faith to see I said all my faith to see I said all my faith to see Her naked body

Written by Leonard Cohen and Phil Spector © 1977 EMI Music Publishing, Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC, Warner/Chappell Music, Inc.

## **BASIA BULAT**

I've been listening to Leonard nearly all my life. His music has accompanied a lonely prom night, family holidays, open-sky drives on tour, new romances and failed romances, anxious worrying about the end of the world, walks along the Main and the moment I'm writing this. I wanted to record *Dance Me to the End of Love* because every time I've played it, I've felt as though I know it deeply and also as if I'm hearing it for the first time. A kind of reflection of all these different moments in my life where every new understanding has brought a deeper mystery, a sigh and a laugh.

#### Dance Me to the End of Love

Dance me to your beauty With a burning violin Dance me through the panic Till I'm gathered safely in Lift me like an olive branch And be my homeward dove Dance me to the end of love

Let me see your beauty When the witnesses are gone Let me feel you moving Like they do in Babylon Show me slowly what I only Know the limits of Dance me to the end of love

Dance me to the wedding now Dance me on and on Dance me very tenderly and Dance me very long We're both of us beneath our love We're both of us above Dance me to the end of love

Dance me to the children Who are asking to be born Dance me through the curtains That our kisses have outworn Raise a tent of shelter now Though every thread is torn Dance me to the end of love

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1984 Leonard Cohen and Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

Vocals, piano, stylophone, organ and hammered harp: Basia Bulat Acoustic guitar: Andrew Woods Backing vocals, keyboard: Sydney Lee Bass: Joel Young Trumpet: Kaveh Nabatian Drums: Matthew Woodley Additional percussion, backing vocals: Laura Jeffrey Produced by Basia Bulat Recorded by Mark Lawson and Andrew Woods Mixed by Graham Lessard Mastered by Harris Newman

# LITTLE SCREAM

When I was fourteen, a boy sent me a pirated cassette tape of a Leonard Cohen cover album called *I'm Your Fan.* The boy was handsome and loved poetry, and his father was in prison for gouging a woman's eye out in a bar. I was of course desperately in love with him. The songs on that tape were all about lust and longing, and they seemed to provide a perfect soundtrack for our burgeoning yet ultimately doomed romance.

When I listened to the stories inside those songs, I always envisioned myself as the protagonist—the seeker, not the sought. I was the one "burning up the road, heading down to Phoenix," where I had this old address of someone that I knew. I pictured myself there in the future, a somewhat worn-out, tattered, drag version of myself in a roadside hotel, on a quixotic mission to gather together fragments of lost romances in order to reassemble them into some picture of myself that I could recognize. As I listened to those songs then, I felt a duty well up inside me—a duty to author a life for myself that would live up to the passion, romance and tragedy of all those prescient Leonard Cohen lines.

And here I am. And here we are now. In the conscious crosshairs of time's arrow.

# I Can't Forget

I stumbled out of bed I got ready for the struggle I smoked a cigarette And I tightened up my gut I said this can't be me Must be my double And I can't forget, I can't forget I can't forget but I don't remember what

I'm burning up the road I'm heading down to Phoenix I got this old address Of someone that I knew It was high and fine and free Ah, you should have seen us And I can't forget, I can't forget I can't forget but I don't remember who

I'll be there today With a big bouquet of cactus I got this rig that runs on memories And I promise, cross my heart They'll never catch us But if they do, just tell them it was me

Yeah I loved you all my life And that's how I want to end it The summer's almost gone The winter's tuning up Yeah, the summer's gone But a lot goes on forever And I can't forget, I can't forget I can't forget but I don't remember what

Written by Leonard Cohen ©1987 Stranger Music, Inc. (BMI) / Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC

# LI'L ANDY AND JOE GRASS

This recording was made in the underground parking garage of Montréal's Palais des congrès, a location we did not have permission to record in. It was necessary to complete takes quickly and not every verse of the song as Cohen published it could be accommodated.

I began performing *Democracy* sometime in the 1990s, but recently I've found myself unable to hear its ambiguous refrain ("Democracy is coming to the U.S.A....") with the same humour its author perhaps intended, unable to approach its lyric with the same hopeful and "anthemic" quality Cohen said he wanted to give to the song.

I wanted to create a disquieting backdrop befitting the political and social change that makes us hear the song in this new way. So, late one night, pedal-steel guitarist Joe Grass and I covertly set up five microphones in the Palais des congrès parking garage and let its acoustics and background noises act as a third instrument as we performed this version of *Democracy*.

There are few public spaces in modern civilization as sinister as an underground parking garage. The echo of footsteps, the closing of a car door, the roar of an engine, the squeal of tires—our senses have been trained to interpret these sounds as signalling threat or danger, the possibility of a violent attack. All of these attendant noises can be heard on the recording you hear in this exhibit.

I wanted to mix these ominous sounds with the beauty of the pedal-steel guitar and the fragility of a single human voice. My version of *Democracy* becomes something of an elegy or dirge for the idea of democracy, but one that by its very act of singing and playing suggests a small act of hope.

### Democracy

It's coming through a hole in the air From those nights in Tiananmen Square It's coming from the feel That this ain't exactly real Or it's real, but it ain't exactly there From the wars against disorder From the sirens night and day From the fires of the homeless From the ashes of the gay Democracy is coming to the U.S.A.

It's coming through a crack in the wall On a visionary flood of alcohol From the staggering account Of the Sermon on the Mount Which I don't pretend to understand at all It's coming from the silence On the dock of the bay From the brave, the bold, the battered Heart of Chevrolet Democracy is coming to the U.S.A. It's coming from the sorrow in the street The holy places where the races meet From the homicidal bitchin' That goes down in every kitchen To determine who will serve and who will eat From the wells of disappointment Where the women kneel to pray For the grace of God in the desert here And the desert far away: Democracy is coming to the U.S.A. Sail on, sail on O mighty Ship of State To the Shores of Need Past the Reefs of Greed Through the Squalls of Hate Sail on, sail on, sail on, sail on It's coming to America first The cradle of the best and of the worst It's here they got the range And the machinery for change And it's here they got the spiritual thirst It's here the family's broken And it's here the lonely say That the heart has got to open In a fundamental way Democracy is coming to the U.S.A.

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1992 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC It's coming from the women and the men O baby, we'll be making love again We'll be going down so deep The river's going to weep And the mountain's going to shout Amen! It's coming like the tidal flood Beneath the lunar sway Imperial, mysterious in amorous array Democracy is coming to the U.S.A. Sail on. sail on O mighty Ship of State To the Shores of Need Past the Reefs of Greed Through the Squalls of Hate Sail on, sail on, sail on, sail on I'm sentimental, if you know what I mean I love the country but I can't stand the scene And I'm neither left or right I'm just staying home tonight Getting lost in that hopeless little screen But I'm stubborn as those garbage bags That Time cannot decay I'm junk but I'm still holding up This little wild bouquet Democracy is coming to the U.S.A.

Vocals: Li'l Andy Pedal-steel guitar: Joe Grass Recorded and mixed by Joe Grass in the Palais des congrès parking garage, Montréal Mastered by Ryan Morey Thanks to Ernily Gan, Nasuna Stuart-Ulin, Dustyn Lucas and Mathilde Hollard

# LOU DOILLON

My love for Leonard Cohen started when I was very young. I remember being in the back of my father's car, coming home from a long day of outdoor takes on his movie. I must have been eight or nine. We drove for hours back to his hotel, and I knew him enough to know that when he put music on, one had to shut up and listen...

He played the Songs of Love and Hate album, and I have this vivid memory of feeling like Leonard Cohen was talking to me. My father doesn't understand English, and I remember being embarrassed by this for the first time. I couldn't stand the fact that he was not hearing the poetry. I needed to share it with him, my first understanding of poetry.

When the car stopped for gas, I got in the front seat and said I would translate the entire album for him, as the music went along. I remember moving myself to tears as I was translating *Famous Blue Raincoat*. I had never witnessed such grace, generosity and kindness before: *l'ultime bienveillance de* Leonard Cohen.

Till then lyrics had always been somewhat binary: one hated or loved, one cared or didn't care... This was the first time that someone was singing to my intelligence, insinuating what I by then already knew, that love and hate were sides to the same coin, were a point of view, and understanding would lead to kindness, and that was maybe the only way to ride through life.

That light that Leonard Cohen turned on in my brain and heart has revealed the world that lies in between words, in between lines, in between the known and the unknown... That light has kept me curious for details, has kept my eyes open and has guided me through the rollercoaster of life, with tears and a merry heart.

## **Famous Blue Raincoat**

It's four in the morning, the end of December I'm writing you now just to see if you're better New York is cold but I like where I'm living There's music on Clinton Street all though the evening I hear that you're building your little house deep in the desert You're living for nothing now I hope you're keeping some kind of record Yes, and Jane came by with a lock of your hair She said that you gave it to her The night that you planned to go clear Did you ever go clear? The last time we saw you you looked so much older Your famous blue raincoat was torn at the shoulder You'd been to the station to meet every train but then you came home without Lili Marlene And you treated my woman to a flake of your life And when she came back she was nobody's wife I see you there with a rose in your teeth One more thin gypsy thief Well, I see Jane's awake She sends her regards And what can I tell you my brother my killer? What can I possibly say? I guess that I miss you I guess I forgive you I'm glad that you stood in my way If you ever come by here for Jane or for me I want you to know that your enemy is sleeping I want you to know that his woman is free Yes, and thanks for the trouble you took from her eyes I thought it was there for good, so I never tried And Jane came by with a lock of your hair She said that you gave it to her that night that you planned to go clear

Sincerely, L. Cohen

Written by Leonard Cohen © 1971 Sony ATV Music Publishing LLC





# KARA BLAKE

#### The Offerings, 2017

5-channel video installation, black and white and colour, sound,

35 min, looped

Projection on three screens

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

With the support of the Canada Council for the Arts

Courtesy the artist

Production Assistance: Alexandre Larose, Becky Blake, Marites Carino | Sound Mix: Steve Bates | Colour Correction: Francis Hanneman | Subtitles: Robert Paquin | Spotting: Hiventy | Translation: Michel Garneau (*Prayer for Messiah*), Jean Guiloineau (*Tower of Song*)

Pages: 71-73

### **CANDICE BREITZ**

I'm Your Man (A Portrait of Leonard Cohen), 2017

Shot at the Phi Centre, Montréal, May-June 2017 19-channel video installation, colour, sound, 40 min 43 s, looped 18 suspended monitors and one single-screen projection Commissioned and produced by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

With the support of the Goethe-Institut Montréal Collection of the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

Director: Candice Breitz | Project Management: Sophie Cook, Alex Fahl, Gabrielle Gagnon-Fréchet | Casting: Candice Breitz, Sophie Cook | Assistant Director: Sophie Cook | Director of Photography: Yann-Manuel Hernandez | Sound: Max Schneider | Production Assistants: Gaby Girard, Dustyn Lucas, Aly Marguerite Neumann, Ellen Payne Smith, Nasuna Stuart-Ulin, Sarah Tue-Fee | Post Production: Alex Fahl | Still Photography: Edwin Isford

Participants: Lew Auerbach, Sheldon Azimov, Thomas L. Bohan, Don Cummer, Jean-Pierre Ducharme, Shaun Fawcett (in memory of Ellen C. Fawcett), Marc Gian, Jerry Golland, Fergus Keyes, Richard Lahmy, Peter Lau, Victor Neufeld, Claude Ouellet, Philippe, Denis S.J. Shackel, Paul G. Shaw, Edward Lyon Singer, Philip J. Taylor

Shaar Hashomayim Synagogue Choir: Roï Azoulay (Music Director), Cantor Gideon Y. Zelermyer (Soloist), Conor O'Neil (Arranger) Choristers: David Buzaglo, Victor Chisholm, Gabriel Frank, Joshua Goldman, Isak Goldschneider, Conor O'Neil, David Packer, Lorne Shapiro, Jake Smith Recorded by Howard Bilerman at Hotel2Tango

Pages: 75-79, 156-157

# JANET CARDIFF AND GEORGE BURES MILLER

#### The Poetry Machine, 2017

Interactive audio/mixed-media installation including organ,

speakers, carpet, computer and electronics

Dimensions variable

All poetry written and performed by Leonard Cohen from *Book of Longing*, published 2006 by McClelland & Stewart Dedicated to Leonard Cohen, 1934-2016

Special thanks to Robert Kory and Leonard Cohen Family Trust Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artists, Luhring Augustine, New York, Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, and Koyanagi Gallery, Tokyo

Pages: 67-69

## **CHRISTOPHE CHASSOL**

#### Cuba in Cohen, 2017

Single-screen video installation, black and white, sound,

15 min 19 s, looped, including annotated musical scores

Dimensions variable

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artist

Vocals: Sandra Samuel, Carlotta Menozzi, Kenneth Bailey and Jean Pierre Muller, Krisztina Nagy, Pauline Simon, Christophe Chassol | Recorded by Thibaut Javoy at Xavier Veilhan's "Studio Venezia"

#### Pages: 9, 61-65

## LEONARD COHEN

#### Self-Portraits, 2003-2016, 2017

Projection of 220 drawings documenting Leonard Cohen's self-portraits

Editing by Alexandre Perrault

Produced by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy and © Leonard Cohen Family Trust

Pages: 85-87

#### **DAILY TOUS LES JOURS**

## I Heard There Was a Secret Chord, 2017

Participatory audio installation

Octagonal architectural environment, including microphones,

speakers, transducers and digital display

434 x 590 x 590 cm (wooden structure)

434 x 242 cm (each panel)

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal and the National Film Board of Canada

With the support of the Canada Council for the Arts Courtesy Daily tous les jours (JoDee Allen, Mouna Andraos, Fady Atallah, Michael Baker, Irene Chaudouet, Melissa Mongiat, Anne Ouellette, Eva Schindling, Bianca Su, Rebecca Taylor,

# Pierre Thirion)

Recording: Patrick McDowel, Dominique Girard (Tetra Sound Lab) | Choir Direction: Melodie Rabatel | Acoustic Consultant: Tim Hewling (Resonance TJL) | Fabrication: Double Effet | Website Programming: Folklore | Choirs: Ensemble Vocal Les Nanas de Montréal, Choeur Gai de Montréal, Ensemble vocal DivertisSon, La Serre, BAnQ, L'ensemble/Coristi de Laval

Pages: 2-3, 109-113

# TACITA DEAN

**Ear on a Worm**, 2017

Single-screen film installation

16-mm colour film, sound, 3 min 33 s, looped

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artist and Marian Goodman Gallery, New York

Director of Photography: Travis LaBella | First AC: Cate Smierciak | Loader: Craig Samuels | Location Sound Recording: Tacita Dean | Neg Cut: Steve Farman | Sound Design: James Harrison | Sound Facilitator: Stephen Felton, Sound Design Company | Sound Master: John Polito, Audio Mechanics | Optical Sound Transfer: DJ Audio | Colour Timing: Saul Escobedo | Film Scheduler: Denise Marques | Marketing Executive Panavision Hollywood: Jennifer Kuwabara Naples | Printed by Fotokem, Los Angeles | Originated on Kodak Motion Picture Film | Filmed using Panavision® Camera & Lenses | Installation: Kenneth Graham, KS Objectiv | Filmed on location in Venice, California

Pages: 10-11, 106

# THOMAS DEMAND

Ampel / Stoplight, 2016
Multimedia video installation
Animated video on LED panel, colour, stereo, sound (Tyondai Braxton with Leonard Cohen), 20 min, looped
104 x 63 x 10 cm (panel)
Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal
© Thomas Demand / SODRAC (2017)

Page: 59

# KOTA EZAWA

## Cohen 21, 2017

16-mm animated film installation, black and white, sound,2 min 30 s, loopedCommissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de MontréalCourtesy the artist

Pages: 46, 48-49

# **GEORGE FOK**

#### Passing Through, 2017

Multi-channel video installation, black and white and colour, sound, 56 min 15 s, looped

Projection on three walls

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artist

Assistant Editor and Editorial Research: Matthew Ober | Sound: An Audio Z Co-production | Executive Producer: Serge Laforest | Sound Design and Mix: Martin Rouillard, Rémy Sealey | Sound Installation: Martin Rouillard | Additional Mix: Johan Chacon | Subtitles: Semantikos (Elizabeth Marion Poitras)

Pages: 41-45, 154-155

# ARI FOLMAN

#### Depression Chamber, 2017

Interactive computer-animated video installation, live camera, Kinect sensor, black and white, colour, sound, 5 min 10 s, including resting platform

Projection on three walls and ceiling

Architectural environment: 333 x 250 x 333 cm

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal With the support of the Swiss Foundation for Arts and Culture Pro Helvetia and the Consulate General of Israel in Montréal Courtesy the artist

Created by Ari Folman | Illustration: David Polonsky | 2D Animation: Sefi Gayego | Technical Direction and Programming: TinkaTinka | Production: Yael Nahlieli

Pages: 1, 35-39

# **CLARA FUREY**

# When Even The, 2017

Dance performance/installation

Solo dance performance in the presence of the sculpture *Coaxial Planck Density* (1999) by Marc Quinn, with music and sound design by Tomas Furey and light design by Alexandre Pilon-Guay, including video installation directed by Kaveh Nabatian 90 performances lasting 90 min each Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

With the support of the Canada Council for the Arts Courtesy the artist

+

# MARC QUINN

**Coaxial Planck Density**, 1999 Lead

10 x 185 x 51 cm Collection of the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artist

Pages: 101-105

# JENNY HOLZER

*For Leonard Cohen*, 2017 Light projection Grain Silo No. 5, Old Port, Montréal Text: Lyrics and poems by Leonard Cohen Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy and © 2017 Jenny Holzer, Artists Rights Society (ARS), New York / SODRAC, Montréal

Pages: 4-5, 121-123

# JON RAFMAN

## Legendary Reality, 2017

21-seat sculptural theatre installation, featuring video projection,

colour, stereo sound, 15 min 45 s, looped

Dimensions variable

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artist, Sprueth Magers, Los Angeles, and Galerie Antoine Ertaskiran, Montréal

For the film | Poetry and music by Leonard Cohen | Sound Design: Milo Reinhardt | Sound Mix: Xavier Arocha

Pages: 94, 96-99, 152-153

# MICHAEL RAKOWITZ

*I'm* Good at Love, *I'm* Good at Hate, It's in Between I Freeze, 2015–2017 Multimedia installation featuring video projection, darkened monitor, archival artifacts and objects Dimensions variable

Produced with the support of Creative Capital, Chicago, and the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal

Courtesy and © 2017 Michael Rakowitz

For the film | Director: Michael Rakowitz | Director of Photography: Robert Chase Heishman | Editor: Robert Chase Heishman | Sound Engineer: Nate Sandberg | Leonard: Marc Joseph Berg | Story partially based on *Various Positions: A Life of Leonard Cohen* by Ira B. Nadel, published by Pantheon Books | A Falafel Western Film

Pages: 50-53

# ZACH RICHTER

### Hallelujah, 2017

Virtual reality experience Headset, headphones, computer and electronics, including suspended theatrical drapes Circular configuration: 335 cm (diam.) Created by Zach Richter, Bobby Halvorson and Eames Kolar

Key Collaborators: Chrissy Szczupak, Orin Green, Jess Engel, ECCO VR, International Orange Chorale of SF, Chris Milk and Aaron Koblin

Produced by Within in partnership with Lytro

Pages: 117-119, 158

# SHARON ROBINSON

# Goodbye Stranger, 2017

Video-recorded musical performance, colour, sound, 5 min,

looped

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artist

Director: Paula Walker | Producer: Allan Wachs | Director of Photography: Rolf Kestermann | Sound Recording: Keven Brennan

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## THE SANCHEZ BROTHERS

I Think I Will Follow You Very Soon, 2017

Holographic and mixed-media installation

Reconstructed architectural environment with visual effects by The Workshop in Montréal, hologram technology by Mikael "Hologram Master" Fock/The Culture Yard in Elsinore, and sound design by Mimi Allard

Artwork within the installation loaned by Morton Rosengarten Dimensions variable

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal With the support of the Conseil des arts et des lettres du Québec and Culture Yard, Elsinore, Denmark Courtesy the artists

#### Pages: 89-93

#### TARYN SIMON

The New York Times, Friday, November 11, 2016, 2017 Mixed-media installation

Back issue of the New York Times newspaper

(dated November 11, 2016), including a glass display cabinet 61 x 30.5 x 56 cm (display cabinet)

Commissioned by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Courtesy the artist and Gagosian Gallery, New York

Pages: 55-57

#### ARIANE MOFFATT WITH THE ORCHESTRE SYMPHONIQUE DE MONTRÉAL

AURORA

**BASIA BULAT** 

**BRAD BARR** 

CHILLY GONZALES AND JARVIS COCKER WITH KAISER QUARTETT

**DEAR CRIMINALS** 

DOUGLAS DARE

FEIST

HALF MOON RUN

JULIA HOLTER

**LEIF VOLLEBEKK** 

LI'L ANDY AND JOE GRASS

LITTLE SCREAM

LOU DOILLON

MÉLANIE DE BIASIO

MOBY

SOCALLED

#### THE NATIONAL WITH SUFJAN STEVENS, RAGNAR KJARTANSSON AND RICHARD REED PARRY

#### Listening to Leonard, 2017

Multimedia audio environment Sound recordings of Leonard Cohen compositions Light design by Jocelyn Labonté Dimensions variable Commissioned and produced by the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal Master recordings courtesy the artists

#### Photo credits

Maxence Bilodeau: pp. 104-105 Geoffrey Boulangé: pp. 2-3, 109

Gleb Gombert: pp. 4-5, 121-123

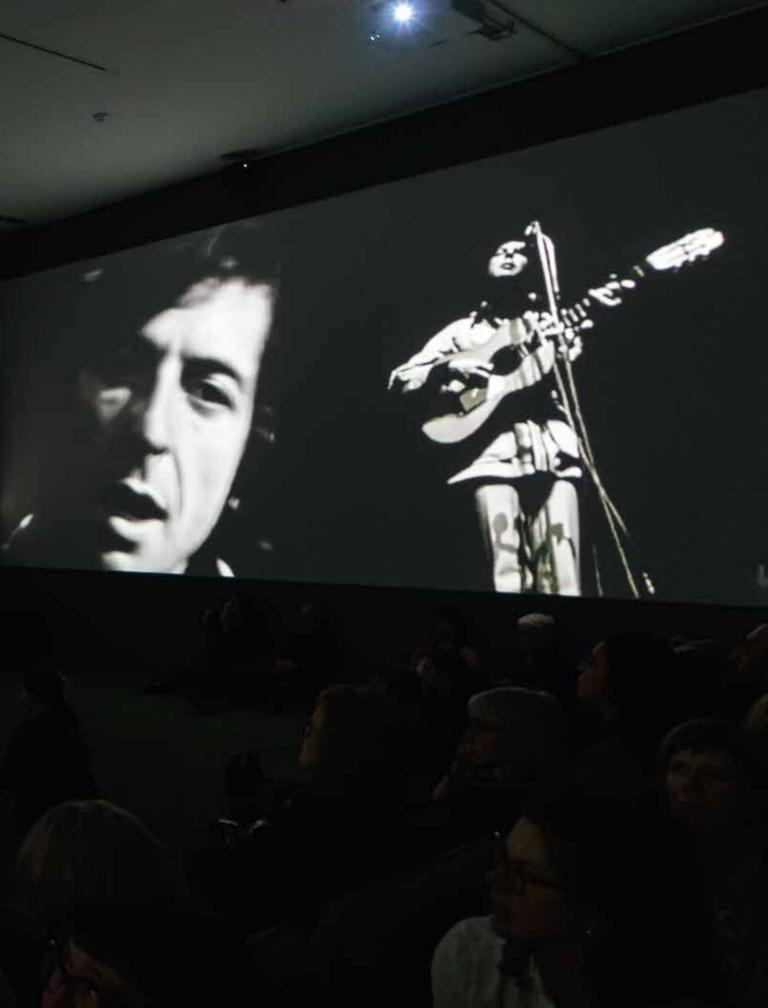
Guy L'Heureux: pp. 9, 35-39, 41, 44-45, 48-52, 55, 61-63, 67-69, 71-73, 75-77, 83, 85, 89-94, 96-99, 101-103, 106, 110-113, 117, 124, 126-127, 146-147, 152-155, 158

Richard-Max Tremblay: pp. 30, 42-43















# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal (MAC) wishes to thank the late Leonard Cohen, who in 2015 generously consented to the mounting of this exhibition. We also wish to thank the family, friends and associates of Leonard Cohen, in particular Robert Kory, Adam Cohen and Lorca Cohen, who provided invaluable access to the Cohen archives, writings, recordings, films, videos, photographs and other works.

The MAC is very pleased to be associated with its many institutional partners that have generously contributed to the production of this exhibition.

We are deeply grateful to the CBC/Radio-Canada, our exhibition presenter. The broadcaster generously made its archives available both to us and to our participating artists for the creation of new works for this project. Special thanks go to Carrie Haber, Debbie Hynes, Francine Allaire and Catherine Boivin.

We would also like to extend our appreciation to Alain Gignac and the Society for the Celebrations of Montréal's 375th Anniversary for their generous support for the project.

We are much indebted to the National Film Board of Canada (NFB), which generously shared its archives with our artists. We are further grateful to the NFB for joining forces with the MAC as co-commissioners to produce a new work of art with Daily tous les jours. Thank you Hugues Sweeney and André Picard.

Thank you as well to POP Montréal—Dan Seligman, Eric Cazes, Sarah Shoucri—for co-presenting the concert series *Leonard Cohen: Five concerts – Five albums*, and to all our guest musicians and series musical director Li'l Andy.

The MAC also wishes to acknowledge Sony Music and Sony ATV for granting us unprecedented access to a multitude of Cohen recordings, compositions and archival video materials, as well as permission to use them. A special thank you to Caryn Hanlon, George Maloian, Temi Argyropoulos, Janet Baker and Judy Naiberg.

We would like to express our gratitude to McClelland & Stewart and The Wylie Agency for providing us with access to many of Cohen's poems and writings. Thank you Jared Bland, Percy Stubbs and Katie Cacouris. Our appreciation goes as well to the Thomas Fisher Rare Book Library, University of Toronto, for access to its Cohen archives.

We owe a heartfelt thank you to our curatorial assistants Sophie Cook and Geneviève Senécal and the rest of the MAC team, who worked with great enthusiasm and energy to realize the project. In no particular order: Anne-Marie Barnard, Carl Solari, Denis Labelle, Josée St-Louis, Alexandre Perreault, Marie-Eve Beaupré, Marie-Chantale Poisson, Eve Katinoglou, Marie-Renée Vial, Roxane Dumas-Noël, Valérie Sirard, Marlène Chapelain, Annie Alix-Paré, Emeren García, Chantal Charbonneau, François LeTourneux, Luc Perron, Yves Théoret, Anne-Marie Zeppetelli, Patricia DaPozzo, Sylvie Pelletier, Luc Guillemette, Naila Del Cid, Lesley Johnstone and Jocelyn Labonté. Special thanks go to our collaborators and contributors: Kaveh Nabatian, Daniel Angers, Carmine Starnino, Dominique Issermann, Michel Garneau, Allan Showalter, Louise Simard, Gabrielle Gagnon-Fréchet and Nancy Rosenfeld.

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We greatly appreciate the contribution of our partners that directly supported the creation of works by our artists: the Goethe-Institut and the I.F.A. (Candice Breitz), Spotify (Daily tous les jours), Audio Z (George Fok), the Consulate General of Israel in Montreal and the Swiss Foundation for Arts and Culture Pro Helvetia (Ari Folman), and Lytro (Zach Richter).

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Finally, we must extend our deepest gratitude to the artists and musicians who participated in this exhibition.

J.Z. and V.S.

JOHN ZEPPETELLI is Director and Chief Curator of the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal where he oversees a wide-ranging program of exhibitions, public programs and acquisitions, as well as spearheading a building transformation project. Sophie Calle, Simon Starling, David Altmejd, Jon Rafman, Dana Schutz, Ragnar Kjartansson, Teresa Margolles, Olafur Eliasson, and Lizzie Fitch/Ryan Trecartin are some of the exciting artists to have exhibited since his arrival. Before joining the MAC, he was curator at DHC/ART Foundation in Montréal where he organized many important solo exhibitions and an award-winning group show exploring loss and mortality, called *Chronicles of a Disappearance*. John worked at the ICA in London and in a commercial gallery in New York while he attended the Whitney Museum's Independent Study Program. He has lectured at Concordia University and the Nova Scotia College of Art and Design.

VICTOR SHIFFMAN is a guest curator at the Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal. Since 1988 he has worked in the arts as a producer, presenter and programmer across a variety of sectors including music, multimedia, film/video and performance. He has had the privilege to work with such artists as Radiohead, Bjork, The Beastie Boys, Boy George, Tears for Fears, Michel Gondry, Fela Kuti, Denis Villeneuve, George Clinton, Massive Attack, Tito Puente and George Benson. Born in Cape Town, South Africa, Victor attended Rhodes University, before moving to New York City in 1988 where he worked as a music publicist at The Ritz. He moved to Montréal in 1992, working as a programmer for the concert promoters DKD, Fogel/Sabourin and the Festival international de jazz de Montréal. He also has worked as a Creative Producer for Cirque du Soleil. Victor was a founding Vice-President at the Phi Centre in Montréal where he was responsible for the music program.

**SYLVIE SIMMONS** is an award-winning author and music journalist. Born in London, she left for Los Angeles forty years ago to become one of the rare women included in the predominantly male rock-writing elite; the BBC made a documentary about her titled *The Rock Chick*. Simmons has published fiction and non-fiction books, including a short story collection, *Too Weird for Ziggy*, and biographies of Neil Young and Serge Gainsbourg. Her most recent is *I'm Your Man: The Life of Leonard Cohen*, the best-selling biography that Janet Maslin at the *New York Times* described as "Smart, fearless and mesmerizing," and Brian D. Johnson at *Macleans* called "the most discerning, intimate and definitive biography ever written about Canada's pre-eminent singer, songwriter, poet and monk." Based in San Francisco, she writes about music for *MOJO* magazine. She is currently collaborating on a book with Debbie Harry of Blondie and working on a new record.

**CHANTAL RINGUET** is a Canadian award-winning author, scholar and translator. She is the author of collections of poems (2009 Jacques-Poirier literary award) and of works on Yiddish Montreal. With Gérard Rabinovitch, she has published *Les révolutions de Leonard Cohen* (PUQ, 2016), which received a 2017 Canadian Jewish Literary Award. With Pierre Anctil, she has published a translation of the early biography of Marc Chagall (*Mon univers. Autobiographie*, Fides, 2017). She has been a Fellow of the YIVO Institute for Jewish Research in New York, Scholar-in-Residence at the Hadassah-Brandeis Institute (Brandeis University) and Writer-in-Residence and literary translator in residence at the Banff Centre for Arts and Creativity. She taught the course "Leonard Cohen: In Words and Music" at McGill University (Fall 2017).

